SRI VENKATESVARA ORIENTAL SERIES-NO. 8

A GLOSSARY

OF

PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

(SAMSKRT - ENGLISH)

(Embracing an systems of Indian Philosophy)

BY C. V. SHANKAR RAU, M.A. Honorary Research Scholar Sri Venkatesvara Oriental Institute Tirupati

1941

TIRUMALAI-TIRUPATI DEVASTHANAMS PRESS, MADRAS

Price Rs. 3 or 4s.6d.



A GLOSSARY

OF

PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

(SAMSKRT - ENGLISH)

(Embracing all systems of Indian Philosophy)

BV

C. V. SHANKAR RAU, M.A.

Honorary Research Scholar

Sri Venkatesvara Oriental Institut Tirupati

1941

TIRUMALAI-TIRUPATI DEVASTHANAMS PRESS. MADRAS

Price Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d.

Dalo ... 5 6 - 9 - 26

R6 K 15 HU

A GLOSSARY OF PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS (SAMSKRT-ENGLISH)





AT THE LOTUS-FEET OF LORD ŚRĪNIVĀSA IS LAID THIS GARLAND OF WORDS OF ETERNAL WISDOM

श्रियःपतिपदाम्भोजे त्रह्मज्ञानपथाश्रया । मालेयं पदपुष्पाणां शङ्करेण समर्पिते ॥

PREFACE

A GLOSSARY OF PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS, as this small book is named, is meant to be a concise lexicon of Sanskrit terms with equivalent English expressions. The Glossary embraces all systems of Indian Philosophy, Sänkhya, Yoga, Nyāva, Vaišesika, Mīmāmsā, Vedānta, Bauddha, Jaina, and Pancaratra, with their glossatory ramifications. To suit the various senses in which a single Sanskrit term is used in different contexts or treatises, varying English words are mentioned; this will enable a choice of words to interpreters at their need. When a term is predominant or classical in any one system of Philosophy, "that is denoted apart by a single abbreviating alphabet, such as, (n) for Nyāya, and (y) for Yoga. Nine abbreviations are printed at the commencement of the Glossarv. In many cases where any technical term has been considered significant, pervasive or important, definitions (Laksanas) have been extracted from treatises in the footnotes. I am indebted to the several learned translators, Indian and Foreign, for some of these equivalents and they have also been used with suitable alterations and adaptations whenever necessary. It is hoped that these English equivalents may, as time passes, become recognised and standardised as Anglo-Indian philosophical terms, just as in the field of Physical Sciences and Politics words have been coined and expressions have been devised to render foreign terms into Indian languages. The purpose of these pages is to add a facility to the work of the translator-a translator's task is hardly enviable-and if that purpose is in any manner achieved. I shall deem it a temporal gratification; and all apart, this

is my humble homage to the great Sages who were the original Seers of these philosophical concepts and worshipful Idols of Indian spiritual celebrity, and my humble adoration to Śri Veńkateśvara, in whose Oriental Institute I have learnt the little that gave the incentive to this idea.

My thanks are due to Sarasvatihıdayālankāra, Śāradāvilāsa, etc. M. Krishnamachariar, M.A., M.L., Ph.D., M.R.A.S., the Director of the Institute, for his guidance and to Mr. N. Aiyaswami Sastri for helping me in revising the manuscript and in passing it through the Press.

August 1941

C. V. SHANKAR RAU

A GLOSSARY OF PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

ABBREVIATIONS

Sānkhya m Mimāinsā

Yoga v Vedānta У

n Nyāya b Bauddha vs Vaiśeşika i Jaina Pāncarātra

A GLOSSARY OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

अ

স্ব a, Viṣṇu, a prefix-particle having negative sense.

প্তার amsa, part, particle, component. – হ্ব bhūta forming part of.

अंशांश amśāmśa, part of a portion (of a deity), secondary incarnation.

अंशिन् amsin, whole, having a share or parts.

अकिनष्ठ akanistha, (b) a kind of heaven.

अकल्पन akalpana, indeterminate, free from pride.

अकर्तृ akartr, (8) not an agent.

अञ्चताभ्यागम akrtābhyāgama, unwarranted rise of the fruit of action which was not performed.

अकेवलत्व akevalatva, manifoldness.

अक्रमोत्पत्ति akramotpatti, simultaneous birth, orderless birth.

স্থাপ্ত akṣapāda, name of the sage Gotama, author of the Nyāyasūtras.

अक्षयनीवी akşayanivi, a permanent endowment.

সম্ভাব akṣara, imperishable, immortal, undecaying.

স্বাৰ্থন্ত akhanda, undivided, whole, not fragmentary. — কাল kāla time without division, unrelated time. — ইয়া deśa undivided space. — বায় bodha undivided knowledge, massive understanding. — অভাবেদ্ধি ākāravṛtti, (v) becoming one with the nature of ithe Supreme Being. — তথাপি upādhi, (n) an indescribable quality.

अस्याति ahhyāti, non-discrimination between cognition and memory.

अगोचर agocara, anything that is beyond cognizance of the senses: e.g., Brahman.

অম agra, foremost, first, chief.

अधितध्यना aghațitaghațanā, accomplishment of the unaccomplished.

ৰাজ্ব anga, part, component, body, subordinate division of a science as six Vedāngas; (j) name of the chief sacred texts of the Jainas; (b) name of the each member of the 12 causal links of Dependent Origination.

अचल acala, immovable.

अचित् acit, non-spirit, matter, material, devoid of understanding.

अचिन्त्य acintya, incomprehensible, inconceivable.

अचेतन acetana, non-conscious, non-self, inanimate, irrational, insensible.

अच्छेद्य acchedya, indivisible.

সার্ভস্থা ajahallakṣaṇā, one of the functions of words indicating the secondary sense without abandoning the primary one.

अजातवाद ajātavāda, (b) theory of non-origin of the universe.

अजीव ajīva, lifeless; (j) one of the 9 tattvas.

সঙ্গ ajña, ignorant. - বৈ - tva, ignorance.

সন্মান ajñāna, non-coguizance, ignorance, Māyā, illusion, Prakrti.

अणिमन् animan, (*) atomisation, minuteness, fineness.

अणिष्ठ anistha, most minute.

अणीयस aniyas, more minute than usual.

জ্যা anu, minute, what is subtle, atom. - ল - tva, atomicity, entitlety, minuteness, smallness. - প্রিনাণ - parimāna, atomic

size. - লট - vrata, (j) name of the 12 small duties of the lay men adhering to Jaina faith.

প্ৰনিজ্য atajjña, not knowing that, (i.e.) Brahman and soul's identity.

अतथ्य atathya, untrue.

अतप atapa, (b) a class of deities among Buddhists.

अतिदेव atideva, surpassing the gods.

अतिदेश 'atideśa, analogy; (m) indirect method of teaching.
— বাৰ্য – vākva. assimilative proposition.

अतिपत्ति atipatti, passing beyond, lapse.

अतिप्रसङ्ग atiprasanga, unwarranted discussion.

अतिमाल atimatra, much, exceeding the proper measure.

अतिरथ atiratha, great warrior (fighting from a car).

अतिरात्र atirātra, one of the seven somayāgas.

अतिरेक atirēka, surplus, excess.

अतिवर्णाश्रमिन् ativarṇāśramin, a yogin who has risen above all āśramas and dwell always within himself.

अतिव्याप्ति ativyāpti, (n) being too wide, redundance, overapplicability, unwarranted extension of a definition (a fault of a definition).

জিনিহাৰ atisaya, peculiarity, superiority, some quality produced by some performance; (j) one of the superhuman qualities attributed to Jain Arhats.

সনিয়ন্য atisūnya, transcending the void, devoid of attributes. সনীন atīta, past existence.

 अन्यधर्मस्य अन्यत्नारोपणमतिदेशः । स च पश्चविधः, शास्त्रकार्यनिभित्तव्यपदेश-रूपमेदात् ।

It is well explained in the following verse from the standpoint of the Mimāmsakas:

प्रकृतात्कर्मणो यस्मात्तत्समानेषु कर्मसु । धर्मोऽतिष्दिश्यते येन अतिदेशः स उच्यते ॥ अतीन्द्रिय atindriya, beyond sense perception.

अत्यिनिष्टोम atyagnistoma, second of the modification of jyotistoma sacrifice.

अत्यन्ताभाव atyantābhāva, absolute (complete) non-existence.

अत्याधान atyādhāna, act of improving or placing upon.

अत्याहित atyāhita, extreme fear or danger.

সাস্থ atrapa, destitute of shame.

अदम्भ adambha, free from deceit.

अदृष्ट adrsta, influence, fate, destiny.

अद्यतन adyatana, referring to today, the period of current day.

अद्रव्य adravya, non-matter.

अद्भय advaya, without a second, unique, non-duality.

अद्वितीय advitīya, without a second.

अद्वेष adveșa, amity, want of aversion.

अद्वेत advaita, non-dual, monistic, absolute monism. — वाद – vāda, monism of Śańkara, doctrine of absolute monism of Śańkara.

अधर्म adharma, demerit, wrong or sinful action. - अस्तिकाय astikāya, (j) category of adharma.

अधार्मिक adhārmika, unrighteous, unjust.

अधिकरण 'adhikaraṇa, set of arguments, container, substratum.

अधिकार adhikara, authority, chapter.

अधिकारिन् adhikārin, one who is qualified for a particular work, rightful person.

अधिगम adhigama, to study or read, to go up to, approach.

अधिदेव adhideva, presiding deity or god.

विषयो विशयक्षेत्र पूर्वपञ्चस्तथोत्तरम् ।
 निर्णयक्षेत्र पञ्चाङ्गं शास्त्रेऽधिकरणं स्मृतम् ॥

अधिपति adhipati, lord, head or chief. – प्रलय – pratyaya, (b)
one of the four causes.

अधिभूत adhibhūta, objective world, the whole inanimate creation, supreme spirit.

अधिलोक adhiloka, on the universe.

अधिवासित adhivāsita, endowed with disposition.

अधिश्रयण adhisrayana, act or ceremony of placing over fire.

अधिषवण adhisavana, hand press used for extracting and straining the soma juice.

अधिष्ठान adhiṣṭhāna, substratum, basis, seat, abode.

अध्ययन adhvavana. Vedic study.

अध्यवसाय adhyavasāya, mental determination, determinative cognition, apprehension.

अध्यात्मन् adhyätman, with reference to individual.

अध्यापन adhyāpana, instruction or lecture.

अध्याय adhyāya, chapter.

अध्यारोप adhyāroþa, wrong imputation, allegation, wrong attri-

সংসাম adhyasa, substratum, superimposition, act of sitting over, false ascription. – সভাষ – pratyaya, repetitional cognition.

अध्याहार adhyāhāra, supply of the required word.

अध्येषण adhyeşana, asking for instruction.

अध्वन adhvan, (b) time, road, way.

अध्यर adhvara, sacrifice, not injuring.

अध्वर्य adhvaryu, chief priest in the sacrifice.

अनन्त ananta, boundless, infinite. — ज्ञान — jñāna, (j) infinite knowledge. — বর্জন — darśana, (j) infinite perception. — वाँचे — virya, (j) infinite energy. — सल — sukha infinite bliss. अनन्तर anantara, immediate.

अनन्यविषयासम् ananyavişayātman, having the mind fixed upon one object.

अनन्यापोह ananyapoha, non-exclusion of others.

সন্যাপ্তথাৰ ananyāsrayatva, (n) state of being not dependent upon anything else.

अन्थे anartha, undesired, unwanted.

পানবাস্থা anavasthā, infinite regress, absence of finality, endlessness, unsettledness.

अनागत anāgata, (b) future, not yet come into existence.

अनागामिन् anāgāmin, (b) non-returner.

अनागार anāgāra, houseless, vagrant ascetic

अनादि anādi, beginningless, immemorial.

अन्हिन anatmam, non-soul, non-self, nescience, corporeal.

अनारभ्यवाद anārabhyavāda, (m) detached statement about the sacrifice.

अनारभ्याभीत anārabhyādhīta, (m) prescribed as detached subject.

अनाह्त anāhata, (y) ten kinds of sounds that emerge from the middle of the twelve-petalled lotus or cakra of the heart in Tantrasastra.

अनित्य anitya, impermanent, non-eternal. – रव – tva, impermanence.

अनिर्वेचनीयख्याति anirvacaniyakhyāti, (b) indefinable apprehension, appearance of an indescribable substance.

अनिर्वाच्य anirvācya, indescribable.

अनिष्ट anista, undesirable.

अनुষ্ক anukūla, favourable.

अनुप्रह anugraha, grace.

अनुज्ञा anujñā, consent, permission.

अनुत्पत्ति anutpatti, non-generation.

अनुदान anudātta, low tone, one of the three main accents in Vedas.

अनुद्भृत anudbhūta, unperceivable, unmanifested.

अनुप्पत्ति anupapatti, inconclusive reasoning, failure of reasoning.

अनुपत्रविध anupalabdhi, (n) non-cognition, non-perception; (m) one of the instruments of knowledge.

अनुपरम्भ anupalambha, non-apprehension.

अनुपसंहारित् 'anupasamhārin, non-conclusive reason, a kind of fallacy.

अनुपूर्व anupūrva, regular, successive order.

সন্ত্রন্থ anubandha, indispensable preliminary factors to any śāstra.

अनुभव anubhava, experience.

স্বাদা anubhāga, (j) one of the four bandhas=rasa.

अनुसबि anubhāva, sign or indication of feeling by look or gesture.

अनुमूत anubhūta, sub-perceptional.

अनुमृति anubhūti, same as Brahman, eternal consciousness or experience.

अनुमन्त्रण anumantrana, consecration by hymns and prayers.

अनुमा anumā, inference for given premises.

अनुमान ²anumāna, inference, instrument of inference.

अनमिति ⁸anumiti, inference.

अनुमेय anumeya, inferable.

- सर्व नित्यं प्रमेयत्वात् । अत्र सर्वस्यैव पक्षत्वात् प्रमेयत्वहेतुः अनुपसंहारी । अन्वय-व्यक्तिरेकद्रष्टान्ताभावात ।
 - अनुमितिकरणमनुमानम् । तच धूमो वाह्विच्याप्यः इति च्याधिज्ञानम् ।
 - प्रामर्शजन्यं ज्ञानमनुमितिः ।

अनुयोगिन् anuyogin, correlated substratum.

अनुस्रोमन् anuloman, natural order.

अनुवाद anuvāda, repetition of what is already prescribed.

अनुवृत्ति anuvitti, following, continuity.

अनुशय anuśaya, kleśa, defilement, repentence.

জনুপদ্ধ anusanga, application of words used in a previous sentence, connection of word with word or effect with

अनुष्ठान anușțhana, pursuit, observance.

अनुसन्धान anusandhana, (vs) fourth step in syllogism.

अनुसमय anusamaya, regular connection (as of words).

अन्त anrta, false.

अनेकान्तवाद anekāntavāda, scepticism.

अनेकान्तवादिन anekāntavādin, sceptic, a Jaina, Arhat of Jaina.

अनेकाश्रित anekāśrita, (vs) dwelling in more than one.

अनेकान्तिक ¹anaikāntika, uncertain, inconclusive, indecisive, unsteady one of the five divisions of hetvābhāsa (fallacy).

अन्त anta, (b) extremity.

अन्तरङ्ग antaranga, inward, mind, intimate, interior, proximate.

अन्तर्भिष antarābhava, (b) existence between death and rebirth.

अन्तरिन्द्रिय antarindriya, (♥) internal organ. मनम्, चित्त, बुद्धि, अहङ्कार.

अन्तरिक्ष antarikşa, firmament, sky.

अन्तर्ज्योतिस् antarjyotis, inner life or spirit of light, enlightened inwardly.

अन्तर्धान antardhana, disappearance.

अन्तर्ध्यान antardhyana, internally meditation.

It is of three varieties. Sādhāraņa, asādhāraņa and anupasam hārm

अन्तर्यामिन् antaryāmin, Inner Being, pervader or ruler.

अन्त्यविशेष antyaviśesa, ultimate particularity.

अन्यतमस andhatamasa, blinding darkness, a kind of hell, a kind of nescience.

সন্থ anna, food.

अन्यतम anyatama, one of many.

अन्यतर anyatara, one of the two.

अन्यशास्त्राति anyathākhyāti, misapprehension, incorrect cognition, erroneous conception of the spirit; (a) assertion that something is not really what it appears to be according to sensual perception.

अन्यथानुषपत्ति anyathānupapatti, (n) invariable concomitance, inference from circumstances.

अन्यशासिद्ध anyathāsiddha, proved wrongly; (n) dispensable antecedent, accidental or remote circumstance which is not the true cause.

अन्यथोपपत्ति anyathopapatti, otherwise reasoning.

अन्यापोह anyāpoha, exclusion or negation of others.

अन्योन्याध्यास 'anyonyādhyāsa, reciprocal attribution of identity.

अन्योन्यामाव ²anyonyābhāva, mutual non-existence ; (n) reciprocal negation of identity.

अन्योन्याश्रय anyonyāsraya, (n) mutual dependence or support, reciprocal relation of cause and effect.

সন্থ্য anvaya, affirmative premise; (n) inherence, natural order of words in a sentence, connection. – হয়াল *dryfanta*; (n) affirmative example. – অবিশ্বত – vyatireka, positive and negative proposition. – আবি – vyāṭti, (n) positive or affirmative

 जळव्योग्ना घटाकाशो यथा सर्वस्तिरोहितः । तथा जीवे च कृटस्थः सोऽन्योन्याभ्यास उच्यते ॥

तादात्म्यसम्बन्धाविष्ठन्नप्रतियोगिकामावोऽन्येान्याभावः । यथा घटः पटो न भवति !

concomitance. - सहचार sahacāra, (n) sequence of positive factors.

अन्ववसर्ग anvavasarga, permission to do as one likes.

अन्वागत anvagata, connected.

अन्याचय anvācaya, connecting of a secondary action with main action.

अन्वादेश anvādeśa, subsequent or repeated mention, referring to what has been previously stated.

अन्वारम्भणीया anvārambhaņiyā, initiative ceremony.

अन्बाह्यिपचन anvāhāryapacana, southern sacrificial fire

अपक्षे apakarşa, subtraction, diminution. – सम – sama, sophism in Nyāva.

अपदेश apadeśa, second step in a syllogism (statement of the reason.)

अप्र apara, posterior, lower, next, less comprehensive - त्व - tva, posteriority, proximity. - हैस्त - saila, a sub-school of Buddhism. - सामान्य - sāmānya, inferior generality.

अपराङ्ग aparanga, posterior constituent.

अपरिच्छित्र aparicchinna, uncircumscribed, undefined.

अपरोक्ष aparokşa, visible.

अपनर्ग apavarga, ultimate goal, final emancipation, liberation.

अपवाद ¹abavāda, exception, rescission.

अपविद्या apavidyā, evil science.

अपसिद्धान्त apasiddhānta, false conclusion opposed to orthodox teaching or settled dogma.

अपान ²apāna, out-breath, air exhaled.

अपाय apāya, annihilation, losing; (b) place of punishment

- मा हिंस्यात् सर्वा भूतानि इत्युत्सर्गः । वायव्यं श्वेतमालमेत इत्यपवादः ।
- अवाग्गमनवान् पाय्वादिस्थानवर्तां वायः ।

अपार्थ *aþārtha*, useless.

अपूर्व apūrva, (m) transcendental result, subtle influence, unseen force, unprecedent. – বিদি – vidhi, (m) injunction of what is entirely unknown.

अपेक्षा apekṣā, dependence. - बुद्धि - buddhi, enumerative cognition, mental process of arranging and methodising.

अपोह apoha, negation, exclusion, negation of what is possible, differentiation.

अपीरुषेय apauruseya, not man-made, superhuman.

अप्रतिपत्ति apratipatti, incomprehension.

अमतिष्ठित abratisthita, unstable.

अप्रतिसंख्यानिरोध apratisankhyānirodha, (b) unplanued destruc-

अमत्यक्ष apratyakşa, imperceptible.

अप्रमाण apramāṇa, untrustworthy, unauthorised, immeasurable.

अप्रसिद्ध aprasiddha, unknown.

अप्राकृत aprākrta, non-natural, super-natural, transcendental.

স্থাম্কান্ত aprāptakāla, (n) inconsequential, inopportune, illtimed.

अप्रामाण्य aprāmānya, invalidity, baselessness.

अत्रहान् abrahman, non-self; (ए) Māyā and its products.

স্পান abhāva, non-existence, nullity, negation, antithesis.
- সান্ত্য – ক্যৱন্ত্ৰৰ, veil of non-existence.

अभिगमन abhigamana, morning observance.

अभिवात abhighāta, (s) inflection of injury, striking, attack.

अभिचार abhicara, magical formula for working a charm, employment of magical spells for malevolent purposes such as killing of enemy, incantation.

अभिजल्प abhijalpa, address, conversation.

জমিয়া abhijñā, knowledge, intuition, supernatural faculty of the Buddha.

अभिधर्म abhidharma, (b) Buddhist metaphysics.

अभिषा 'abhidhā, express or principal meaning of a word.

अभिधेय abhidheya, nameable or denotable thing. - रव - tva, nameability.

अभिध्यान abhidhyāna, meditation, same as ciñtanā, desire.

अभिनिवेश ²abhiniveśa, attachment, yearning; (y) ignorance causing fear of death, a kind of kleśa.

अभिप्राय abhiprāya, verdict, opinion, purpose, intention.

अभिभव abhibhava, suppression, prevailing predominance.

अभिभा abhibhā, phenomenon, apparition.

अभिभाविन् abhibhāvin, overwhelming, overpowering.

अभिमान abhimāna, egotistic feeling, attachment, love.

अभियुक्त abhiyukta, adept, revered personage.

अभिरति abhirati, (b) name of a world.

अभिन्यक्त abhivyakta, manifest.

अभिषय abhişava, pressing, drinking soma juice.

अभिसंस्कार abhisamskāra, (b) action.

अभेद abheda, non-difference, identity.

अभ्यास abhyāsa, repetition, practice, repeated meditation; (m) one of six pramāṇas for karmabheda.

अभ्युदय abhyudaya, prosperity.

अभ्युषाम abhyupagama, hypothetical assumption or admission, supposition. – सिद्धान्त – siddhānta, admitted axiom.

- (a) शब्दशक्तिः । स मुख्योऽर्थः तत्र मुख्यो व्यापारोऽस्याभिर्धायते । (m) विधि-समवेतविधव्यापारीभृतपदार्थः ।
 - See Yogasūtra, I, 24.

अमुक्त amukta, non-liberation, bondage.

अमूर्त amurta, not-limited-in-existence, incorporeal (substance).

अपूत amrta, ambrosia, immortal, residue of sacrifice. — त्व — tva, final bliss, deathless stage.

अमोह amoha, freedom from delusion.

अयथार्थ ayathārtha, erroneous. — अनुसव — anubhava, erroneous experience.

अयन ayana, way, final absolution, sixth part of the year.

अयस्कान्त ayaskānta, magnet.

अयुक्त ayukta, unsuitable, nugatory.

अयुत्तिसद्ध ayutasiddha, inseparable.

अयोगड्यानृत्ति ayogavyāvṛtti, removing the non-existence of something.

সঙ্গল arūpa, not true, formless, unmanifest. – ছান – jīāna, formless trauce. – ভান – loka, immaterial world. – যো – rāga, (b) desire for relish in the world of non-matter.

স্বর্থ artha, object, purpose, wealth, context, substance. — কর্মন্
— karman, (m) main act opposed to gunakarman. — বাব¹ —
vāda, explanatory or laudatory passage, exegesis. — সম্মান adhyāsa, super imposition of objects. — সাম্মান adhyāsa, super imposition of objects. — সাম্মান circumstantial inference, implication, postulation, presumption; (m) deduction of a matter from that could not else "be."

अर्थान्तर arthantara, different meaning, irrelevancy.

अलातचक alātacakra, whirling, fire-brand.

 स्तुतिनिन्दापरकृतिपुराकल्प इत्यर्थवादः, Gantamasatra. प्रकरणप्रतिपायस्य तत्र तत्र प्रशंसनमर्थवादः ।

This is of three kinds according to Laugaksi: गुणवादो विरोधे स्यात् अनु-वादोऽवधारिते । भूतार्थवादस्त्वाचादर्थवादस्त्विधा मतः ॥

One of the pramāņas according to Mīmāmsakas.

अलिङ्ग alinga, unresoluble primary matter.

अलोभ alobha. disinterestedness.

अशौकिक alaukika, extra normal.

अवकाश avakāśa, free space, place, opportunity,

अवक्षेपण avaksepana, throwing down.

अवचर avacara, (b) region (three), plane of existence.

अवच्छिन avacchinna, delimited.

अवच्छेदक avacchedaka, delimiting. – नागाद – tāvāda, delimitation theory.

अवच्छेच avacchedya, delimitable.

अवतार avatāra, descent, incarnation, manifestation, introduction.

अवदान avadāna, (m) setting apart for the purpose of sacrifice;
(b) glorious act.

अवधान avadhana, attention, care.

अवधारण avadharana, assertion.

अवधि avadhi, limit.

अवनी avani, earth.

अवभास avabhāsa, appearance.

अवयव avayava, limb, member, member of a syllogism, component part.

अवयविन् avayavin, composite structure or product, whole.

अवर avara, end, limit, lower.

अवरोध avarodha, (y) suspension of breath.

अवलम्बन avalambana, basis or hold.

अवस्था avastha, state, condition.

अवन्तिरमकरण avāntaraprakaraṇa = अङ्गमावनामकरण aṅgabhāvanāprakarana. अवान्तरप्रख्य avāntara praļaya, minor dissolution.

अविकल avikala, uninjured, unmutilated, not separated.

अविकरप avikalpa, indefinite (first) impression, devoid of constructive thought

अविगीत avigita, not contradictory to Vedic tradition.

अविघात avighāta, non-obstruction.

अविद्या 'avidya, wrong knowledge, ignorance, nescience, folly, illusion, undifferentiated consciousness; (y) a kind of kleśa.

अविनाभाव avinābhāva, invariable relation.

अविनाशिन् avināsin, what is undecaying, real existence.

স্ত্ৰিস্পান্ন *aviþraṇāṣa*, a dharma postulated by some school of Buddhists as being produced after every action performed. স্ত্ৰিসান *avibhāṣa*. undivided.

अविरोध avirodha, non-inconsistent, non-contradiction.

अविवेक aviveka, non-discrimination, foolishness.

अविशिष्ट avišista, undistinguished, unqualified.

अविसंवादिन avisamvādin, not contradictory.

अव्यक्त avyakta, unmanifested.

প্তব্য avyaya, eternal, imperishable, grammatical particle, an indeclinable.

अव्याप्ति ²avyāpti, (n) partial inapplicability, inadequate pervasion of a proposition.

अव्याप्यवृत्ति ^aavyāpyavṛtti, (vs) partial inherence as to the time and space.

সভ্যমন avyutpanna, illiterate, not formed according to the prescribed rules.

 See Yogasütra, I, 24. This s used in various senses in the several systems of philosophy.

ळक्ष्येकदेशे ळक्षणस्यासन्त्रमञ्चाप्तिः ।

अन्याप्यवृत्तिः क्षाणिको विशेषगुण उच्यते ।

अशक्ताचन asaktasūcana, (n) not indicating what is possible.

अशक्ति aśakti, inability.

अज्ञानाया asanāvā, hunger.

अञ्चेषभवनाधार asesabhuvanādhāra, support of the whole world.

अष्टाक्षरी astāksarī, the 8 syllabled mantra. See इय.

असंस्कृत asamskṛta, uncompounded (element), uncomposite element.

असंक्रान्ति asamkrānti, absence of translocation.

असंक्रीण asankirna, unmixed.

असंख्याति asankhyāti, (b) non-being's apprehension.

असङ्गत asangata, inconsistent.

असंजिता asañiñita, unconsciousness.

असंज्ञिसमाप्ति asañjñisamāpatti, (b) ecstacy with loss of consciousness.

असत् asat, non-being, non-real, non-existence.

असत्तावाद asattāvāda, (v) doctrine of non-existence.

अस्पक्ष asapakşa, (n) same as vipakşa, not similar to the minor term.

असमवायिकारण ¹asamavāyikāraṇa, (n) non-inherent or accidental.

असम्भव asambhava, impossible to happen,

असम्भावना asambhāvanā, absence of right understanding, doubt.

असाधारण asādhāraṇa, not common, special. - धर्म - dharma specific feature.

असिद्ध ²asiddha, (n) untrue, unproved, un-established, conclusion or reason unproved.

असिद्धि asiddhi, (n) not achieving what is promised.

गुणकर्म मात्रवृत्ति क्षेयमथाप्यसमवायिहेतुत्वम् । यथा तन्त्रयोगः पटस्य ।

 This is of three kinds: āśrayāsiddha, svarūpāsiddha and vyāpyatāsiddha अस्तिकाय astikāya, (j) category. There are five such categories :
jīva, pudgala, dharma, adharma, ākāśa.

अस्तेय asteya, not committing theft.

अस्त astra, divine weapon.

अस्मिता 'asmitā, (y) non-perception of the difference between the self and intellect, a kind of kleśa. – मात – mātra, (y) a kind of samādhi.

अहम् aham, myself, I, ego, I-sense.

প্রান্থ ahankāra, I-conciousness, egoism, I-principle, personality substance.

अहन्ता ahantā, I-ness, one of the 25 elements in Sāńkhya philosophy.

अहंप्रत्यय ahampratyaya,, notion of ego.

अहिंसा ahimsā, non-violence.

अहीन ahina, sacrifice lasting several days.

आ

आकरज ākaraja, mine-born.

आकस्मिक ākasmika, per chance, providential.

পাকাজ্যা ākānkṣā, expectancy, question.

आकार ākāra, form, configuration, character, figure.

পাকাহা ākāśa, ether, sky, void space.

आकिञ्चन्यायत्न akiñcanyayatana, (b) plane of nothingness.

আরুনি ākṛti, form, configuration general and distinct form of the material object (avayavasamsthānavišeṣa).

পাকুলৰ ākuñcana, contraction, bending forward.

आकृत ākūta, impulsion, idea, intention.

সাম্ব ākṣa, pertaining to the senses, perceptional.

आक्षेप ākṣepa, objection.

हग्दर्शनशत्त्रगोरेकात्मतैवास्मिता | Yogasatra, I, 24.

आल्यायिका ākhyāyikā, illustrative tale.

आगम agama, verbal testimony, treatise, science.

आगमापायिन agamapayin, transient.

आग्नीध agnidhra, one of the 16 priests in the soma sacrifice.

পাব্দন *ācamana*, sipping the water in a prescribed manner from the palm, rinsing the mouth.

आचार ācāra, rules of conduct.

आचार्य ācārya, teacher, instructor, revered.

आतिवाहिक ātivāhika, (8) transporting body.

সাম্পন্ atman, soul, ego, self. – स्थाति – khyāti, (b) self-apprehension. – तरब – tattva, real quality of the soul. (আন) মাৰ – bhāva, one's own body. – মাজনিখনিলা – bhāvaniryātanā, self-surrender. – विषा – vidyā, knowledge of the soul. –साझा-

रक्षार sākṣātkāra, self-realisation. — हविस् — havis, self offered as havis. — आश्रय — āśraya, self-dependence.

आत्मीभाव ātmībhāva, becoming one with self.

आत्यन्तिक ātyantika, complete, entire, final, ultimate.

आदरप्रत्यय ādarapratyaya, regardful cognition.

आदि ādi, origin, beginning. – কৰিক – karmika, (b) novice. – বানি – śakti, primeval power or energy or force.

आदीनव adinava, (b) defect, disadvantage.

आदेश ādeša, substitute in grammar, teaching, order, mandate, precept.

সাধার্ ādhāra, substratum, container, receptacle.

আঘিইবিক ādhidaivika, pertaining to gods; (s) caused by divine agencies, proceeding from the elements.

अधिमौतिक adhibhautika, elementary; (s) caused by animate beings.

आधेय ādheya, what is contained, sustained, supported.

आनन्द ananda, bliss, joy, pleasure.

आनुपूर्वी anupurvi, order.

आनुमानिक ānumānika, inferential.

পানুপ্রবিক ānuśravika, (s) known through Veda.

आनुषङ्गिक anuşangika, following as necessary result.

आपस् āpas, water.

সাম apta, reliable person, truth-teller. - ব্ৰব - vacana, the word of a reliable person.

স্তামান্ত ābhāsa, reflection, semblance. - ৰাহ - vāda, semblance theory.

आभोग ābhoga, immediate or direct experience.

आम्नाय amnaya, tradition, scripture.

आयतन äyatana (b) sensory receptacle (12), base of mental action.

आयुस् āyus, vitality, age.

आयोजन āyojana, concretive activity.

आर āra, good, awe.

জাইন্স ārambha, (m) beginning activity. - বাব - vāda, (n) creationistic theory of causation.

आराद्रपकारिन aradupakarin, (m) a kind of auxiliary.

आरोप aropa, hypothetical attribution.

आरोपित āropita, imposed, assumed.

आर्जव ārjava, rectitude.

आहेत arhata, Jaina, follower of Arhat.

आलम्बन ālambana, support (cause).

आरुयविज्ञान *ālayavijñāna*, (b) origination or receptacle intellect consciousness, store-house of intellectual impressions.

आहोचन ālocana, thinking, sense-process, bare awareness.

आलोचनाज्ञान ālocanājñāna, (m) subjective ideation.

आवरण क्यान्यत्व, barrier, covering, concealment, enclosure.

आवर्जन avarjana, concentration.

आवृति āvṛti, false notion.

आवेश āveśa, obsession possession.

পাহায āśaya, (y) impression dormant in the mind, latent desires.

সাপ্তয *āsraya*, resort, substratum, period of life. – সমিদ্ধ – *asiddha*, (n) unestablished in respect of abode (*þakṣa*). – সমিদ্ধি, (n) false substratum, a logical fallacy.

आसत्ति āsatti, juxtaposition.

आसन asana, (y) a posture of the body in yoga being one of the 8 angas of yoga.

आसव āsava, intoxicant, infection, defilement of desire.

आस्तिक ästika, orthodox, believer in god, believer in the future.

आहरण āharaņa, grasping.

आहार āhāra, species of cause, aliment.

आहार्य aharya, to be taken or fetched near or supposed.

आहति āhuti, pouring a libation into fire.

इ

₹ Ī, Śiva.

হভা icchā, desire, volition, will. - গলি - śakti, will power.

इतर itara, other, different.

इतरेतरशून्यता itaretarasunyata, mutual voidness.

इतरेतराश्रयत्व itaretarāsrayatva, mutual dependency.

इतिकर्तन्यता itikartavyatā, (m) action subsidiary to the main.

इंद्र्ङ्कारास्पदल idankārāspadatva, quality of being the seat of thisness, objective perception.

इदन्ता idantā, thing-in-itself, this-ness.

इदम्प्रत्ययता idampratyayatā, dependence.

इन्द्रजाल indrajāla, jugglery, trick, delusion.

इन्द्रिय indriya, sense, sense-organ. – ल – tva, senseness. – अर्थे-सचिक्षं – arthasannikarşa, relation between sense-organ and object.

इयता iyattā, measure, quantity, extent.

इष्टविषातकृत् istavighātakṛt, name of a fallacious reason.

इष्टापत्ति *iṣṭāþatti*, attainment of the objective.

इष्टार्थ istārtha, anything desired.

হুছি isti, sacrifice of butter etc., opposed to the sacrifice of an animal or soma juice.

ई

ξ Î, Lakşmi.

ईक्षति iksati, seeing.

ईक्षन ikşan, seeing, thinking.

ईश्वर iśvara, lord, god, supreme.

उ

₹ Ū, Brahman.

বন্ধ uktha, certain verses forming a sub-division of the sastra, name of the Śāmaveda.

उला ukhā, a vessel in which fire is put.

उच्छिति ucchitti, destruction.

उच्छेदबाद ucchedavāda, doctrine of destruction.

उत्कर्ष utharşa, eminence, superiority, transfer from one place to another. – सम – sama, a kind of fallacy. उत्कारोपाधिता uthrstopäädhitä, state of having something

as an indispensable condition.

उत्क्षेपण utkşepana, stretching upward, lifting

उत्तम uttama, superior, high.

বৰ্ম uttara, later; (n) reply, post-division, one of the five ingredients of an adhikarana. – গ্ৰন্ত – śaila, a sub-school of Buddhism.

उत्तान uttāna, lying with face upwards.

उत्पत्ति utpatti, evolution, origination, creation, commencement, genesis. — विधि — vidhi, injunction for any act or sacrifice anew.

उत्पात utpāta, calamity.

उत्पाद utpāda, origination.

उत्पादक utpādaka, producer.

उत्पाद्य utpādya, produced, producible.

उसेक्षा utprekṣā, imagination, fancy.

उत्सर्ग utsarga, general rule.

उदान 'udāna, a kind of vāyu (air) ; (b) kind of verse.

उदासीन udasina, indifferent, unaffected, quiet.

उदाहरण udāharaṇa, corroboration, instance, example, exemplification.

उद्देश uddeśa, enunciation, enumeration, object, end.

उद्देश्य uddeśya, subject.

उद्घत udbuddha, manifested, awakened.

उद्गोधक udbodhaka, that which causes something to manifest, stimulating element.

उद्भित udbhid, name of a sacrifice.

স্তব্ধিজা udbhijja, plants, born of seed.

उद्गेग udvega, (y) dissatisfaction.

उपकार upakāra, benefit.

उपक्रम upakrama, beginning, commencement.

उपक्रेश upakleśa, (b) secondary kleśa.

कण्ठस्थानीय ऊर्ध्वगमनवानुःकमणवायुः।

उपग्रह upagraha, influence.

उपचात upaghāta, demolition, destruction.

उपचारच्छल upacāracchala, figurative casuistry, a kind of fallacious inference.

उपदेश upadeśa, (m) teaching, Vedic text expressing a niyoga or duty.

उपधान upadhāna, imposition.

उपाधि upādhi, peculiarity, attribute, support.

उपनय upanaya, subsumptive correlation; (n) minor premise, reaffirmation, restatement.

उपनिपद् upanisad, last portion of Vedas, important

उपन्यास ubanyāsa, statement, discourse.

उपर्शित 'upapatti, explanation, evidence. — सम — sama, (n) a kind of contradiction in which both the contradicting assertions are supposed to be demonstrable.

उपगादक upapāduka, self-produced.

ত্ত্বদাল ²upamāna, instrument of comparison, simile or parity; (n) analogy.

उपमिति upamiti, assimilative cognition or experience.

उपयोग upayoga, utility.

उपलक्षण upalakşana, indication of the self as well as others, a mark.

उपल्डिय upalabdhi, apprehension, perception.

उपलम्भ ubalambha, apprehension.

उपयम्भक ubastambhaka, support, stimulant.

उपसंहार upasamhāra, destruction, recapitulation.

उपसर्ग upasarga, preposition.

उपसर्जन upasarjana, unimportant.

- प्रकरणप्रतिप। दार्थसाथने तत्र तत्र श्रूयमाणा युक्तिः ।
- उपामितिकरणमुपमानम् । तच सादृश्यक्षानात्मकम् ।

उपस्थिति upasthiti, thought, presence.

হাণানা *upādāna*, (v) material or substantive cause; (b) attachment, grasping, clinging, cause; (m) a mode of expression like *ajahatsvārtha*; a pramāna for Mīmāmsaka Prabhākara, viz. number and gender of an *aṅga*. – কাণে – *hāraṇa*, material cause.

उपादेय upādeya, (m) object of injunction.

ব্যাখি 'upādhi, limitation, disguise, condition, augment, concept, special attribute or property, condition; (n) determination (of the absolute), vitiating or adventitions condition, special cause for a general effect.

उपाय upāya, means, way, remedy.

उपालम्भ ubālambha, censure.

उपासन upāsana, adoration, worship, invocation.

उपेक्षा upekṣā, indifference.

ऊ

ऊर्णनाभ urnanabha, spider.

उद्घ üha, modification by conjecture or reasoning, comprehension of particulars; (s) one of the 8 siddhis, independent reasoning.

羽

সংস্থানৰ rjunaya, (j) one of the 7 nayas of saptabhangi in which a prediction may be made about a thing.

ऋत ११a, truth, cosmic law.

ऋतेभरा rtambharā, (y) bearer of truth (i.e.) the self in samādhi.

ऋत्विज् rtvij, a priest in a sacrifice such as adhvaryu, hotr, brahman, udgātr, etc.,

ऋद्धि *rddhi*, (**b**) supernatural power.

ऋषि rsi, sage.

साध्यव्यापकत्वे सति साधनाच्यापकत्वमुपाधित्वम् ।

Ų

पुक्त eka, one. - जीवबाद - jivavāda, one-soul theory. - खान्यस् - tvānyatva, the state of being either the same or the other. - रेशिय, - deśin, a sub-class of followers of one philosophical system, knowing only one part of the true state of case. - रूप - rūpa, one form. - वाक्य - vākya, sentence united with some other, a single sentence. - व्यवहारिक - vyavāhārika, a sub-school of Buddhism. - रूप - seṣa, name of a compound denoting that of two or more stems alike in form only one remains. - श्रुति - śnuti, (j) an enunciation in the singular. - सत्तावाद - sattāvāda, (v) doctrine of one existence.

ল্কাস ekā gra, close attention, closely attentive. — লা – tā, concentration or abstraction.

प्कान्त ekānta, exclusive, exclusively. — दुषमा — duṣamā, (j) containing only bad year. — सुषमा — suṣamā (j) containing only good year. — राज् — rāj, name of a Bodhisattva.

एकान्तिक ekäntika, certain, steady, permanent, devoted to one aim, person or theory. – मार्ग – mārga, monotheism.

ण्क्यन ekāyana, a narrow way or path accessible for only one person, centre of union.

È

ऐकाप्र्य aikāgrya, concentration on one object.

ऐक्-िक aikāntika, permanent, complete, absolute, exclusive. – ल – tva, certainty, steadiness, permanence.

ऐकात्म्य aikātmya, unity of the soul, oneness, identity.

var aikva. identity, unity, harmony, sameness.

ऐतिह्य aitihva, tradition.

ऐश्वर्य aisvarya, lordship, supremacy, superhuman power.

ओ

ओम् om, praṇava.

ओद्वार onkara, pranava, combination of अ, उ and म.

ओत ota, threaded, intervowen. - प्रोत - prota, woven lengthwise and crosswise.

औ

জীবংশেথিক auttarāpathika, a school of Buddhist philosophy that is coming from the northmost part of the country

औत्पत्तिक autpattika, (m) eternal, material.

औत्सर्गिक autsargika, belonging to a general rule.

औत्सुक्य autsukya, eagerness, desire, longing.

औदार्थ audārya, magnanimity, generosity.

औदासीन्य audāsinya, indifference, apathy.

औपचारिक aupacārika, figurative, metaphorical.

औपनिषद aupanişada, follower of Upanişads, contained or taught in Upanişads.

औपपत्त्यंशिक aupapatyamsika, (b) consciousness related to rebirth. औपपातिक aupapatika, (b) born without apparent cause (i.e.) parents.

औपाधिक aupādhika, dependent on particular conditions, extrinsic, limited.

और्चेदेहिक aurdhvadaihika, relating to a deceased person, performed in honour of the dead.

औल्डक्य aulūkya, follower of the Vaiśeṣika doctrine.

क

事 Ka, Brahman.

कक्षा kakṣā, disputing side, disputative stand.

कट katu, pungent.

कारीन kathina, hard, stiff, harsh, cruel.

कणभुज् Kanabuj, another name for Kanada.

कणाद Kaṇāda, atom-eater, a name given to the author of Vaisesika philosophy.

কণ্টক kanṭaka, thorn; (n) a term implying the refutation of argument, detection of error.

कण्डाभरण kanthābharana, necklace.

क्थंमावाकाङ्का kathambhāvākāinkṣā, (m) expectation of subsidiary acts.

कपिल kapila, brown, name of a sage who is the author of Sānkhyaśāstra.

कपिश kapiśa, brown, reddish-brown.

क्षमण्डलु kamandalu, a vessel made of wood or earth used for water by ascetics and religious students.

कम्पन kampana, shaking, trembling, unsteady.

करतल karatala, palm of the hand.

करण karaṇa, medium, means, cause, organ.

करण karuna, lamentable, compassion, pity.

फर्ते hartr, doer, author, functionary, agent.

कर्मन् karman, action, deed, activity, destiny, performance.

- इन्हिन् – indriya, (n) organ of action (5). — काण्ड – kānḍa, ritual portion of Vedas, name of a Jaina work. — गति gati, course of fate. — वण्डाल – canḍāla, a contemptible man. — चार्च – dhāraya, name of a compound, a subclass of tatpuruṣa compound. — च्य – patha, the way or direction of an action. — म्यि – bāmīi, land or region of religions actions. — मीमोसा – mimāmsā, systematic enquiry on the ritual portion of Vedas instituted by Jaimini. — येग — yoga, yoga of action, practical application, active exertion.

— विकान – vijāāna, (b) activity-intelligence. — विपाक — vipā-ka, ripening of action. — चील — sila, assiduous in work.

— साध्य — sākṣin, witness of all acts.

কলন্ত kalala, embryo.

कला kalā, part, 16th part, fine art.

करंप kalpa, rule, way, method, a period of time, one of the 6 Vedāngas.

करपना kalpanā, assumption, reflection, creation, imagination, conceptual content, presumptive knowledge.

कल्पिक kalpika, conceptual, (b) fit, proper.

कल्पित kalpita, adjusted, imaginary, invented.

क्ल्याणिमल kalyāṇamitra, (b) spiritual teacher.

कवाय kāṣāya, astringent, yellowish red.

काकतालीय kākatāliya, after the manner of "the crow and the palm-fruit," unexpected, accidental.

काच kāca, glass.

काचकामल kācakāmala, a kind of eye disease, cateract.

काञ्चन kāñcana, gold. - मय - mava, made of gold.

স্থাতঃ kānḍa, section, chapter, part, single joint of a stem of a plant. — অনুমৰ্থ — anusamaya, the performance of all prescribed acts of ritual in orderly succession for a particular object before performing the same acts in the same order for a second object.

कादाचित्क kādācitka, occasional.

कान्ति kānti, brilliance, splendour, beauty.

कापालिक kapalika, a sect of Śaiva ascetics who carries a human skall and uses it as a receptacle for his food. (He belongs to the left hand sect).

कापिल kāpila, follower of Sānkhya system of philosophy founded by Kapila.

দ্যাদ kāma, erotics, desire, God of Love, one of the four puruṣārthas, enjoyment. – ভিषিন্ – rūģin, taking form at will. – ভাক – loka, world of desire.

काम्यकर्मन् kāmyakarman, action done for a particular object.

काम्यविधि kāmyavidhi, optional injunction.

काय kāya, aggregate, trunk, body. — दण्ड - danda, control of the body.

कारक kāraka, productive, creative, relation between noun and verb in grammar.

कारण kāraņa, cause, reason, origin. — एरीर — śarīra, (v) causal body, the original embryo or source of the body existing with the universal impersonal spirit and equivalent to Avidyā.

कारिका kārikā, verse.

कारिल kāritra, (b) power of action.

कारुण्य kāruņya, compassion, pity.

कारस्य kārtsnya, entirety.

कार्मिक kārmika, name of a Buddhist philosophical school.

कार्ये kārya, product, task, artificial, producible, to be done or performed. — कारणभाव — kāraṇabhāva, relation of cause and effect. — सम — sama, (n) a particular sophistical objection.

काल kāla, time. — अतीत — atīta, delayed, mis-timed. — अखगपरिष्ट — atyayāpadista, invalidated by lapse of time, a term for a vain argument. — मगवशुस् — mayavapus, time-body, timebodied.

कीर्ति kirti, fame, glory, speech, report.

कुकुलिक kukkulika, a sub-school of Buddhism.

कुडच kudya, wall.

कुतर्किन् kutarkin, false arguer.

कुमारिल kumārila, founder of a new school in mimāmsā, other wise called Bhāttamata.

要环毒 kumbhaka, (y) suspension of breath, stopping the breath by shutting the mouth and closing the nostrils with fingers of the right hand. see Prānāyāma post.

কুন্তান্ত *kulāla*, potter.

कुविन्द kuvinda, weaver.

কুমা kuśa, sacred grass used for religious ceremonies.

কুহান্ত kuśala, good, auspicious.

इस्ट kusūla, granary, room or container in which rice or grain is stored.

कह kuhū, new moon (personified as a daughter of Angiras.)

कृटस kūṭastha, (v) standing at the top, keeping the highest position, unchangeable.

कूर्च kūrca, bundle of grass.

कूतक kṛtaka, artificial, unreal.

कृतनाश kṛtanāśa, disappearance of fruit of action duly performed.

कति krti. act. deed.

क्रलिम krtrima, artificial.

क्रपा kṛþā, pity.

कृष्णतार kṛṣṇatāra, the dark of the eye.

কুলান্ত kṛṣṇala, a piece of gold of small weight.

कुसर kṛṣara, a dish consisting of sesamum and grain.

केवल kevala, attributeless, unqualified, isolated, alone. - त्वर् - tvam. onliness. loneliness. attributelessness. - ज्ञान - iñana.

- tvam, onliness, loneliness, attributelessness. - ज्ञान - jāāna,
(i) highest possible knowledge. - व्यतिरेकिन - vvatirekin, (n)

a negative, reason showing only the negative concomitance. – অধিকংগ – adhikarana, mere container. – অস্বাধিন্
– anvayin, a reason showing the only positive concomitance.

केविस्नि kevalin, (j) an Arhat possessing the kevalajñäna.

केशोण्ड्रक keśonduka, a sling or knot of hair, net-like apparition seen while the eyes are shut.

केङ्कर्य kainkarya, worshipful service.

स्मितिक kaimutika, the rule of 'how much more' or 'how much less,' arguing a portion and leaving the rest for inference (a fortiori).

कैवल्य kaivalya, absolute liberation, final absolution; (v) absolute unity, perfect isolation.

कोश kośa, encasement, sheath.

सम krama, order, sequence, arrangement, arranged position.

— मृत्ति — mukti, gradual liberation or absolution. — अकम
— akrama. consecutive and concurrent.

क्रमशः kramaśah, successively.

किया kriyā, action, activity, performance. – যান – śakti, power of action. – মিট্টি – siddhi, fruition of action.

कोध krodha, anger, ire.

ধ্বিগ kṣaṇa, moment, sensation, attention, opportunity. — মন্ধ্ — bhaṅga, continual decay of things. — মন্ধবাर — bhaṅgavāda, doctrine of continul decay of things. — মন্বান — sāntana, series of moments.

ধ্বণিক kṣaṇika, momentary, transient. – বিদ্বান – vijñāna, (b)
philosophy of temporary or momentary consciousness of
Bauddhas.

क्षणण ksapanaka, religious mendicant especially Jaina, mendicant who wears no garments.

क्षमा kṣamā, forbearance, patience, faith.

क्षान्ति kṣānti, forbearance.

₩ ksāra, alkaline.

क्षेत्रज्ञ ksetrajña, soul (i.e.) knower of the body.

क्षेम kṣema, protection of what is obtained.

क्षोदक्षम ksodaksama, capable of test or investigation.

ख

खक्खर khakkhaṭa, hard, solid.

खण्डन khandana, refutation.

खपुष्प khapuspa, sky-flower.

জ্জিত khila, additional hymn appended to the regular collection of hymns of Vedas.

खेचरी khecari, one of the yogamudrā symbols.

स्याति khyāti, (b) discernment, knowledge, publicity, celebrity, perception.

ग

गगनकुसुम gaganakusuma, sky-flower.

गतानुगतिक gatānugatika, following what precedes, following custom or the conduct of another, imitative.

गतार्थ gatārtha, object fulfilled.

गति gati, motion, result, mode of existence, course, origin.

गन्ध gandha, odour, smell.

गन्धर्वनगर gandharvanagara, an imaginary town in the sky, Gandharvancity.

गमक gamaka, indicative, causing to understand.

गमन gamana, motion, going.

गमनिका gamanikā, explanatory paraphrase, method, doctrine.

गर्भित garbhita, pregnant, containing inside.

ग्वामयन gavāmayana, name of a sacrifice.

गाथा øāthā, a stanza, verse.

गाम्भीर्य gambhirya, magnanimity.

गुण guna, quality, aspect, characteristic; (m) any material useful for sacrifice, one of the seven categories in Nyāya-Vaišesika philosophy.

गुणिन् gunin, substrate, possessor of quality.

সুমি gupti, (j) three kinds of guptis, restraint of body, mind and speech.

गुरु guru, another name for Prabhākara. - ल - tva, solidity, , weight. - मत - mata, Prabhākara's view in Mimāinsā.

गृहस्य grhastha, householder.

गोकुलिक gokulika, one who gives help to a cow in the mud, name of a Buddhist sect.

गोचर gocara, object, place.

गोल gotra, lineage, race, family name.

गोनदीय gonardiya, belonging to Gonardas; Patañjali, the founder of Yoga philosophy.

गोमेध gomedha, cow-sacrifice.

गौण gauna, not primary.

गौणी gauni, one of the functions of a word to connote a remote sense.

गौतम Gautama, the founder of Nyāya philosophy.

गौरव gaurava, a defect in logical discussion consisting of heaviness in argumentation or cumbrousness.

ঘ্রন্থ grantha, work, treatise, book, composition. – কার্ব – $k\bar{a}ra$, author.

मल grasta, devoid, eclipsed.

現長 graha, any ladle or vessel employed for taking up a portion of fluid especially of soma out of a larger vessel.

प्रहण grahana, grasping, seizing, choosing.

प्रामीण grāmiṇa, villager, peasant.

प्रविस्तुत् gravastut, one of the 16 priests in soma sacrifice.

महरू grāhaka, that which grasps the object.

মান grāhya, knowable object, that which is to be grasped.

घ

ঘট ghata, jar, pot. – ল – tva, potness, jarness. – আৰুল – ākāśa, space in a pot.

घटकल ghatakatva, state of being included.

घटित ghatita, included, joined.

घण्टाघोष ghanțāghoşa, public declaration, bell-announcement.

घनगर्जित ghanagarjita, the roar of thunder, deep loud roar.

घृत ghṛta, ghee.

घोर ghora, terrific.

घोष ghoşa, hut of herdsmen, a particular form of a temple.

भ्राण ghrāṇa, olifactory organ, nose.

च

चक cakra, wheel. - नेशि - nemi, wheel-felly. - असण - bhramana, turning like a wheel.

चश्चस् cakşus, eye, vision, visual sense, sense of sight. – विज्ञान – vijñāna, (b) visual cognition.

चतुष्पात् catuspat, four-footed, quadripartite.

चन्द्रनाडी cāndranāḍī, (y) one of principal nadis or arterial passages in the living body.

चमस camasa, a small vessel used at the vedic sacrifice for taking soma juice.

चयन cayana, vedic ceremony of piling up bricks.

चरमावस्था caramāvasthā, final state, condition at death.

चरण carana, the feet of the venerable, a pada or line of a stanza, section, a school or branch of the veda.

चरितार्थ caritartha, accomplished object, one who has attained his end.

चर्चो carcā, consideration, deliberation, discussion.

चर्या caryā, doing.

चलन calana, motion, moving,

ব্যান্ত caṣāla, a wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post.

चाञ्चम cākṣuṣa, belonging to the sight or produced from the sight.

चातुर्मास्य caturmasya, a sacrifice of 4 months' duration.

चातुर्थ cāturya, tactfulness.

चार्बोक *cārvāka*, materialistic philosopher. – मत – mata, heterodox philosophy, atheism.

चालनी cālanī, parasol.

चित् cid, intelligence, intellect, knowledge, consciousness. — आसक् — ātmaka, consisting of pure consciousness. — आसास — ābhāsa, self semblance. — मच — maya, consisting of pure thought or consciousness. — सात्र — mātra, pure thought. — धुद्रा — mudrā, symbol of consciousness, one of the symbols in yogic practice. — रूप — rūpa, consciousness, universal spirit as identified with pure thought.

चिति citi, a laver of wood or bricks.

चित्र citta, mind, thought, conciousness. — एकाव — ekatva, mental unity or fixity. — वित्रयुक्तवर्ष — vibrayuktadharına, (b) nonmental compounds. — वित्रम — vibhrama, confusion of mind, mental delusion, mental derangement. — सन्तिति — santati, continuity of consciousness.

चिल citra, variegated.

चिन्ता cintā, thought, meditation, speculation, discussion, anxiety.

चीर or चीवर cira or civara, (b, j) the dress of a monk.

चूर्ण cūrņa, powder.

चेतन cetana, conscious, sentient, intelligent, soul, mind, cons-चेतना cetana, ciousness, volition.

चेतयित cetayitr, thinker.

चेत्स cetas, mind, thought.

चेष्टाश्रय *cestaśraya*, receptacle or vehicle of bodily action or motion.

चैतन्य caitanya, consciousness, intelligence, life, sensation.

चैत्तिक caittika, a sub-school of Buddhism.

चैत्य caitya, (b, j) a temple or a place of worship generally containing a monument.

चोदना codanā, inducement, permission, direction, (m) a vidhivakya.

चोद्य codya, raising a question to be criticised.

च्युति cyuti, falling down, degeneration, perishing, death.

छ

ন্তর ¹chala, (n) casuistry, quibbling, deceitful disputation, perverting the sense of words. — সার্নি — jāti, futile rejoinder.
ন্তান chāga, he-goat.

छाया chāyā, image, shadow, likeness.

ज

जगत jagat, world, earth.

जठराग्नि jatharagni, digestive fire.

ল's jada, unconscious, stupid, inanimate, insensate, inert, inactive.

जनक janaka, cause, producing.

जन्तु jantu, living being, creature.

जन्मन् janman, biith.

जन्य janya, producible, produced, born.

जप japa, recitation of a mantra, muttering.

जरा jara, old age, decay, senility.

जरायुज jarāyuja, born from womb.

जल jala, water. - चन्द्र - candra, image of moon in water.

जलाकारा jalākāśa, sky reflected in water.

বাংলা jalpa, (n) disputation, discourse, one of two kinds of vada, overbearing reply and disputed rejoinder.

বहস্ত্রপা jahallakṣaṇā, indicative, indication, secondary sense abandoning primary sense.

वचनविद्यातोऽर्थविकरपोपपस्या छलम् । तच द्विविधम् । वाक्चळलं सामाम्यच्छलं च ॥

जहदजहरूभुणा jahadajahallakṣaṇā, secondary sense partly abandoning the primary sense.

সাসন্ jāgrat, waking. – নাসন্ – jāgrat, perfectly waking state, waking state in a waking state. – নুদুলি – suṣuḍti, state of deep sleep in waking state. – নুদ্দা – svaḍna, dream in the waking state.

বার jāta, born, brought into existence.

সালক jātaka, (b) the story of former birth.

লানি jāti, birth, rebirth, caste, general character as opposed to individual one, nature, race, family, species; (n) that which is asserted, objective. – उचर – uttara, (n) futile rejoinder, self-confuting reply.

जायापती jāyāþatī, wife and husband.

জাতন্যব্ৰন্থ jālandharabandha, a kind of bandha, bodily pose in yogic practice.

जिज्ञासा jijñāsā, desire to know, enquiry.

जितेन्द्रिय jitendriya, one who has subjugated senses.

जिन jina, victorious, name of Buddha or Mahavira.

जिह्ना jihvā, gestatory organ, tongue.

জীব jīva, living world, individual soul, vital spirit. — चैतन्य — caitanya, spirit as individual soul. — স্থল — nmukta, liberated while living. — জনমন্ — ātman, individual soul.

जैन jaina, relating to Jinas, worshipper of Jina.

जैमिनि Jaimini, founder of Purvamimamsa.

ज्ञ

ল্প jña, knower, wise and learned man, knowing. – शक्त – sahti, intellectual faculty.

ज्ञप्ति jñapti, knowledge, understanding.

ज्ञात jñāta, known, understood, perceived.

ज्ञातता jñātatā, (m) state of being known or understood.

স্থান jñana, pure knowledge, thought, consciousness, wisdom, idea. — স্বাঘ – kānda, a portion of the veda relating to knowledge (i.e.) upaniṣads etc. — মুখ – bhramśa, loss of knowledge. — তর্জা – lakṣaṇā, (n) intuitive knowledge of anything actually not perceived by senses. — सन्मार – sam-bhāra, accumulation or equipment of knowledge. — সম্মায় — adhyāsa, super-imposition of knowledge. — সমায় — abhāsa. knowledge-semblance.

ज्ञापक iñapaka. (n) indicative (cause).

ज्ञेय jñeya, knowable (thing).

त

तदस्य taṭastha, neutral. – लक्षण – lākṣaṇa, passive or incidental quality.

तस्य tattva, reality, truth, true nature of entity, element, true principle. – हाल – jñāna, knowledge of truth, insight into the true principle. – लय – traya, name of the triad: Cit, Acit and Iśwara (universal soul) – दृष्टि – drṣṭi, perceiving truth.

तत्त्वमसि tattvamasi, that thou art. This is called mahāvākya.

রখানা tathātā, (b) suchness (doctrine of Uttarāpathakas.)

নথানা tathāgata, name of Buddha, one who has arrived at perfect state of existence.

নথা ৰ tathāca, likewise, accordingly (introducing quotation, etc.)

तथापि tathāþi, even so, yet, nevertheless (correlative of yadyaþi). तथाहि tathāhi, for, so (it has been said), for instance.

तथ्य tathva, real.

तदारमकरव tadātmakatva, being of that nature.

तन् tanu, body, thin, slender, small, fine.

तन्त tantu, thread.

तन्त्र tantra, system of thought, a class of works teaching magical and mystical formulæ. – सार – sāra, essence of philosophy.

तन्माल 'tanmātra, (s) rudimentary substance, subtle element.

तपस् tapas, penance.

तमस tamas, darkness, ignorance, inertia.

तमोगुण tamoguna, dullness, inertia.

(क) tarka, system or doctrine founded on speculation or reasoning. Cogitation, reasoning, enquiry, logic, confutation (especially that kind of argument which consists in reduction to absurdity), reduction ad absurdum, indirect argument, dialectics, same as Nvāva.

त्र्पेण tarbana, satiating, refreshing, oblation of water.

तास्पर्य tātþarya, meaning, purport.

तादवस्थ tadavasthya, remaining in the same condition.

तादात्य tādātmya, identity, sameness of character.

ताद्रप्य tādrūþya, sameness of form, identity.

নান্দিক tāntrika, taught in a scientific manner, one completely versed in any science or system, a follower of tantra doctrine.

ताप tapa, pain. - लय - traya, three kinds of passion.

तापस tapasa, practiser of or relating to religious austerity.

तामस $t\bar{a}masa$, appertaining to or affected by the quality tamas.

तारतम्य taratamya, gradation, difference.

নাৰ্দিক tārkika, logician, dialectician, related to or belonging to tarka.

तिक्त tikta, bitter.

तितिश्चा titikṣā, endurance of opposites like heat and cold etc., forbearance, patience.

अपञ्चीकृतरूपरसगन्धस्पर्शानां संज्ञा ।

तितिञ्ज titikṣu, patient, forbearing, enduring patiently.

तिमिर timira, dark, darkness, eye-disease.

तिरश्चीन tiraścina, crooked, horizontal, across.

तिरोधान tirodhana, obscuration, disappearance.

तीर्थ tirtha, passage, advice, instruction, preceptor.

तीर्थे इर tirthankara, (i) perfect soul among Jainas.

तीर्थेक or तीर्थिक tirthaka or tirthika, (b) any opponent philosopher.

বুল্ড tuccha, worthless, vain, empty.

तुरी turi, shuttle.

त्रीय or तुर्य turiya or turya, fourth.

तुल्य tulya, alike, equal.

तष्टि tusti. satisfaction.

तूणाभाव tüşnimbhava, the state of being silent, silence.

तृण tṛṇa, straw, blade of grass.

तृष्णा tṛṣṇā, desire, craving.

तेजस् tejas, light, effulgence, fire.

तैजस taijasa, (ए) name given to Jiva in the state of dreaming.

तैमिरिक taimirika, one affected by eye disease, cataract.

लयी विद्या trayi vidyā, three Vedas.

लसरेण trasarenu, mote or atom of dust in a sun beam.

ब्रिदण्डिन tridandin, ascetic, a school of philosophers.

লিখানু tridhātu, consisting of three parts, especially kāma dhātu, rūpa and arūpa dhātu.

त्रिमल trimala, three-fold impurity.

लिएन triratna, (b) three-fold gem, viz. Buddha, his doctrine and

高徳県 trirupa, (n) three-featured, (viz) presence of the indicative in the subject (pakṣadharma), presence of the indicative where the probandum is known to be present (sapaḥṣa-sattva), absence of the indicative where the probandum is known to be absent (vipaḥṣavyāvṛttī). - ি 南 - linga, three-featured probans.

लिवृत्करण trivṛtkaraṇa, triplicating.

त्रेतामि tretāgni, three kinds of Vedic fire called āhavanīya, gārhapatya and dakṣiṇāgni.

लैकालिक traikālika, pertaining to three times (past, present, future).

लैकाल्य traikālya, embracing the three times, a school of Buddhistic philosophy.

त्रेगुण्य traigunya (s) triple nature of the matter.

तैधातक traidhātuka, triple world.

लैविद्य traividya, well versed in three Vedas.

त्वच् tvac, tactile organ, sense of touch, skin.

द

दाव dagdha, burnt.

दण्ड daṇḍa, stick, trunk, stem. - कमण्डल - kamandalu, jar with handle. - नीति - niti, administration of justice.

दमन damana, taming, subduing, overpowering, control of the senses.

दम्भ dambha, deceit, hypocrisy.

दया davā, grace, pity, compassion.

दर्प darpa, pride, arrogance.

दर्भण darbana, mirror.

दर्श darsa, new moon.

दशेन darkana, doctrine, knowledge, school of thought or philosophy, seeing, sight, perception.

दर्नीहोम darvihoma, oblation made with a wooden ladle or its substitute.

বান dāna, act of giving, giving up, imparting, teaching, donation, gift. — প্ৰদিৱা — pāramitā, (b) perfection of charity. — প্ৰান্ত — pātra, object of charity.

दार्शनिक dārśanika, acquainted with darśanas, philosopher.

दार्ष्ट्रीन्त darștanta, explained by an example.

दार्धन्तिक darstantika, one who uses an example or simile as a proof.

বিহা dis, quarter, direction; (n) one of the nine substances.

दिगम्बर digambara, a sect of Jains.

दिव्य divya, divine, superhuman, supernormal. – रिष्ट – dṛṣṭi, supernatural vision, theurgy. – मार्ग – mārga, divine path.

दीक्षा dikṣā, initiation, determination.

दीप dipa, light, lamp.

दीर्घ dirgha, long.

दुर्शिगम duradhigama, difficult to attain, inscrutable, ununderstandable.

दुर्गित durgati, misfortune, (b) bad state of life such as animal, etc.

दुर्जेय durjaya, hard to win, a stage of progress in Bodhisattva's career.

दुर्बेल durbala, feeble, of little strength.

दुश्चित्त duscarita, misdoing, (b) the 10 chief sins: murder, theft, adultery, lying, calumny, lewdness, evil speech, covetousness, envy, heresy.

दुष्ट dusta, faulty. - हेतु - hetu, defective probans.

दुस्साध्य dussādhya, difficult to accomplish.

दु:ख duḥkha, suffering, pain, sorrow, misery.

दृषण dūṣaṇa, objection, adverse argument, refutation, finding fault.

दृश्य dṛśya, visible.

दृष्ट dṛṣṭa, direct perception, perceived object.

दृष्टान्त dṛṣṭānta, example, illustration.

दिष्टि dṛṣṭi, vision, cognition, (b) wrong belief. — सृष्टिवाद — sṛṣṭivāda, illusion theory, eye-creation theory.

देव deva, God.

देवता devata, presiding deity.

देवानां पिय devānāmpriya, (b) beloved of gods, honourable; fool, idiot.

देशिक deśika, spiritual teacher or guide.

देहात्मवादिन् dehātmavādin, one who holds that there is no soul distinct from the body.

दैनन्दिन dainandina, daily, diurnal.

दैन्य dainva. (s) lowness, dejection.

ইহিন্দ daiśika, relating to space or to any place as opposed to kālika.

दोष dosa, defect, fault.

दोहा dohā, hymns in Prākrit.

द्ववल dravatva, fluidity.

द्रव्य dravya, substance, matter.

ह्य dvaya, the double, being the name given to two mantras relating to Nārāyaṇa.

द्वादशाङ्की dvādašāṅgɨ, collection of Jain sacred writings consisting of 12 parts.

द्वादशाध्यायी dvādašādhyāyi, name of Jaimini's Mimāmsā consisting of 12 adhyāyas.

द्वार dvāra, entrance, way, means, medium.

देष dveşa, dislike, aversion, enmity, hate.

द्वेत dvaita, dual, dualistic doctrine propounded by Anandatirtha.

द्वैतिन् dvaitin, dualist.

ध

घन्वन् dhanvan, dry soil, desert.

घमें dharma, characteristic, attribute, quality, duty. — काय – kāya, norm-body, one of the three bodies of Buddha. — चहुन् – cakṣus, (b) the eye of the norm. – वा – tā, normalism, whole nature. — वानु — dhātu, (b) norm, element of law or existence. — सायक – bhānaka, (b) law-expounder, preacher, public reader of Mahābhārata and sacred books. — मेच megha, (b) a stage of Bodhisattva's career. — विगन — vinaya, dogma, disciplinary regulation. — सारक — śāstra, law-book, code of law. — आयतन — āyatana, (b) sphere or objects of manas.

धर्मिन् dharmin, bearer of the attribute.

পান্ত dhātu, corporeal element, ingredient, phenomenon, fact of consciousness, humour.

पारण dhārana, sustaining.

वारणा dhāranā, (v) steadying the mind, fixed meditation, trance.

धारणी dhārani, magic spell, mystical verse or charm used as a kind of prayer to assuage pain.

धार्मिक dhārmika, righteous, virtuous, pious.

धी dhī. idea, mind.

भूतगुण dhūtaguṇa, (b) ascetic practice or precept.

यम dhūma, smoke.

वृति dhṛti, endurance.

धैर्य dhairya, courage.

ध्यान dhyāna, meditation, (narrower than samādhi i.e. concentration.)

মূব dhruva, pole star, firm, fixed, immovable, permanent, unchangeable. प्लंस dhvamsa, falling down, destruction, annihilative nonexistence, disappearance, perishing, loss.

ध्वनि dhvani, noise, sound.

न

नभस् nabhas, air.

नमञ्जर nabhascara, one who travels in the air.

नुमन namana, reverential obeisance, bowing down.

नर nara, man, highest soul.

नरक naraka, hell.

नन्य navya, modern.

ন্থাই naśvara, destructible, perishable.

ন্দু nașta, disappeared, perished.

नाडी nādī, an artery, tube, pipe.

नाद nāda, noise, sound, chime.

नान्तरीयक nantariyaka, unavoidable, intermediate.

न्मन् nāman, name; (b) mind. - रूप - rūpa, name and form;
(b) mind and matter, mentality and corporeality.

নাহা nāśa, annihilation.

नासन nāsat, nonentity.

नास्तिक nāstika, heterodox person, unbeliever.

নিকাথ nikāya, heap, collection, (b) collection of Buddhistic Sūtras.

निगद् nigada, reciting, audible recitation, a prayer recited aloud.

निगम nigama, a class of Vedic mantras.

निरामन nigamana, (n) final conclusion, restatement of the proposition on the basis of the statement of the probans.

निम्रह nigraha, subjugation, suppression. – स्थान – sthāna, (n) clincher, vulnerable.

নিমে nitya, constant, eternal. – কৰ্মন্ – karman, daily duty, compulsory rite. – ৰে – tva, eternality. – ৰৱ – baddha, ever bound. – বিষি – vidhi, compulsory injunction. – अगिल- विवेक – anityaviveka, (v) a discerning knowledge of which is real or which is unreal, one of the 4 qualifications of Brahmavidvā. – বিবৈ udita. (p) ever manifest.

निदान nidāna, (b) cause, root cause (twelve root causes).

निदिध्यासन nididhyāsana, (v) concentrated meditation, profound and repeated meditation.

निद्रा nidrā, sleep, slumber.

निधन nidhana, death, destruction.

निध्यप्ति nidhyapti, philosophical meditation, reflection.

निमित्त nimitta, (efficient) cause, reason. – कारण – kāraṇa, (n) instrumental cause. – नैमित्तिक – naimittika, cause and effect.

नियत *niyata*, invariable, constant, suppressed, controlled, checked. – पूर्ववृत्ति – *pūrvavṛtti*, invariable antecedent.

नियति *niyati*, restriction, law, regulation, fate, destiny (**p**) śakti consisting of great knowledge.

नियम nivama, specification, limitation, rule.

नियोग ¹niyoga, (**m**) injunction, duty, a force which mediates between sacrifice and benefit, apūrva.

निरन्वय niranvava, absolute, without residue as in निरन्वयनाश.

निर्मिलाप्यशून्यता nirabhilāpyaśūnyatā, (b) inexpressible voidness.

निरर्थक nirarthaka, meaningless.

নিবেকাহা niravakāśa, wanting room, having no suitable place (to act).

निरवयन niravayava, inseparable, bodiless, partless.

निराकरण nriākaraņa, refutation.

1. अद्वितीयवस्तुनि तदाकारकारिताया बुद्धेस्सजातीयप्रवाह:-Vedantasara

निराकारवादिन् nirākāravādin, one who holds the theory of imageless consciousness.

निरात्मता nirātmatā, soullessness,

निरास nirāsa, repudiation, rejection, refutation.

निरक्त nirukta, defined, one of the Vedāngas.

निरुक्ति nirukti, etymological interpretation of a word.

निरुद्ध niruddha, restricted, impeded, stopped, checked.

निरुपाल्य nirupākhya, (b) featureless thing.

निरूपक nirūpaka, correlating, correlated.

निरूपण nirūpaņa, exposition.

निरूप्य nirūþya, that which is correlated.

निरोध nirodha, cessation, suppression, (y) retention of breath.

- समापत्ति - samāpatti, (b) cessation of conciousness.

निर्प्रन्थ nirgrantha, free from all ties, a saint who has withdrawn from the world and lives either as a hermit or wandering naked.

निर्मेण nirguna, absolute, quality-less, unqualified.

निर्णय nirnaya, decisive knowledge, conclusion.

निर्देश nirdesa, definition, particular mention.

निर्भास nirbhāsa, (b) reflection, illustration.

निर्मासिज्ञान nirbhāsijñāna, (b) cognition by mere reflected image.

निर्मन्ध्य nirmanthya, (m) being newly churned by friction (as fire.)

निर्माणकाय nirmāṇakāya, (b) body created by some supernatural power.

निर्वचन nirvacana, definite predication.

निर्वाण nirvāna, cessation of finite existence, absolute existence.

निर्वाप nirvāpa, separating a portion from the heap of grain for purpose of sacrifice,

নির্বিক্স্প nirvikalpaka, (n) undifferentiated, indeterminate (b)
devoid of imagination. - 'ছাল - jñāna, (n) non-conceptual
perception, indeterminate perception.

निर्विकरुपसमाधि nirvikalpasamādhi, (y) a kind of yogic concentration

निर्विकार nirvikāra, unchangeable, immutable.

নিৰিইবি nirviśeṣa, attributeless. – সমন্ – brahman, attributeless brahman. – জইন – advaita, same as advaita² (monism of Śańkara).

निविद् nivid, particular Vedic mantra containing epithets or short invocations of gods.

निवृत्ति *nivṛṭṭi*, cessation, emancipation, withdrawing, returning. निश्चय *niścava*, definite cognition, resolve.

नि:श्रेयस niśśrevasa, salvation,

निषादस्थपति niṣādasthapati, a carpenter being niṣāda by caste.

निषिद्ध nisiddha, prohibited.

निषेध nisedha, prohibition, interdiction.

निष्मर्ष niskarsa, definite conclusion, brief statement.

निप्कल nişkala, undivided.

निष्काम nişkāma, desireless.

निष्ठा niṣṭhā, climax, highest point.

निष्पल nisphala, fruitless.

निष्यन्द्रफल nisyandaphala, (b) fruit suited to action.

निस्वभाव nissvabhāva, devoid of nature, devoid of existence.

नीति nīti, politics.

नीरूप nīrūpa, featureless.

नील nila, blue.

- प्रकारताविशेष्यतानापन्नसम्बन्धानवप्राह्मतीन्द्रयञ्चानम् ।
- য়ातृয়ानादिभेदल्ये अद्वितीयवस्तुनि तदाकारकारिताया बुद्धिवृत्तेरतितराभेकीभावेनाव-स्थानम्—Vedansiasara.

नेतृ netr, motive power.

नैकप्रत्यनीकत्वम् naikapratyanikatvam, (n) invariable concomitance.

नैमिचिक naimittika, artificial, occasional. – प्रख्य – pralaya, occasional dissolution.

नैरात्म्यवाद nairātmyavāda, (b) doctrine which denies the existence of the soul as a separate entity.

नोदन nodana, pushing, repelling.

ন্যাম 'nyāya, accepted generalisation, axiom, popular maxim; (n) syllogistic argument. – আংল – śāstra, science of reasoning, nyāya (tarka) propounded by Gautama.

न्युन nyūna, wanting, incomplete; (n) a nigrahasthāna.

q

श्चि ³paksa, (n) view, side, position advanced, subject, thesis, minor term. – ता – tā, subjectness. – यमें – dharma, (n) presence of the indicative in the subject. – यमें ना dharmatā, subject-adjunctness. – पात – pāta, siding with one party. – সনিখন – pratiseāha, demolition of argument. – বনন – vacana, assertion of the minor term.

पञ्चनारणी pañcakāranī, (b) five-conditions-method to determine

पञ्चाक्षरी pañcākṣarī, the 5 syllabled mantra of Śiva.

पञ्चायतन pañoāyatana, a five-fold worship of Brahman, Visuu and Mahesvara, etc., a kind of worship in which five symbols are used.

पञ्चीकरण ³pañcikaraṇa, (v) quinquepartite.

पर pata, cloth.

- It has five members, प्रतिक्षा, हेतु, उदाहरण, उपनय and निगमन, but according to Mimamsakas and Vedantins only three.
- 2. सिसाध्यिषया शून्या सिदिर्थत्र न विचते । स पक्षस्तत्र वृत्तित्वज्ञानादस्रमितिभेवेत् ॥
- द्विषा विधाय चैकेक चतुर्धा प्रथम पुनः । सस्यैव च द्वितीयांशैयोजनात्पञ्च पञ्च ते।

परल patala, chapter.

पण्डित pandita, learned.

पथिक pathika, way-farer.

पदार्थ ¹padartha, thing, substance; (n) category.

पर para, final, supreme, higher, comprehensive. – असमन् – ātman,
(s) liberated soul. – व – tva, priority, remoteness, extrinsicality. – वक्षन् – brahman, Supreme Brahman. – बाद – vāda, rival view. – सन्तिन – santāna, (b) self of others. – सामान्य – sāmānya, (b) mere existence of categories.

परतन्त्र paratantra, dependent. – ङक्षण – lakṣaṇa, (b) relative or dependent nature.

परत उत्पत्ति parata utpatti, (b) origination by other cause.

पतः शामाण्य paratahprāmānya, (m) theory of extrinsic validity.

परमन्योमन् paramavyoman, highest heaven.

प्रमहंस paramahamsa, an ascetic of the highest order.

परम्परासम्बन्ध paramparāsambandha, indirect relation.

प्रमण 2paramānu, atom, minute particle.

परमात्मन paramatman, supreme soul.

प्रमार्थ paramārtha, supreme truth. - सत् - sat, absolute reality.

परामर्शे ⁸parāmarśa, (n) subsumptive reflection, thinking or judgment, understanding minor premise in relation to major.

परायण parāyaṇa, bent on, inclined to.

- द्रव्यं गुणस्तथा कर्म सामान्यं सिविशेषकम् । समवायस्तथाऽभावः पदार्थास्सस कीर्तिताः ॥
- निलाऽनिला च सा द्वेधा निला स्वादणुळक्षणा । अनिला तु तदन्या स्वात् सैवावयवयोगिनी ॥
- व्याप्यस्य पक्षवर्मत्ववीः परावर्धे उच्यते । अनुमायामनुभित्ते व्याप्तिज्ञानं कारणं परा-मधों व्यापारः ।

परार्थोनुमान pararthanumana, (n) inference for the benefit of others.

पर्विर paravara, one compared with whom the supreme being is lower.

परिकल्पित parikalpita, imaginary, created.

परिग्रह parigraha, acceptance, taking.

परिम्राहक parigrahaka, (b) enveloping (cause).

परिणाम parināma, mutation, modification, evolution. - बाद - vāda, evolution theory.

परिनिष्पन्नरुक्षण parinispannalaksana, (b) perfect or absolute nature.

परिभाषा paribhāṣā, technical term, supplementary rules of elucidation or interpretation, as those added to Pāṇini's grammar.

परिमाण parimāṇa, dimension, size, quantity, measure.

परिदेवना paridevanā, lament.

परिशिष्ट pariśista, supplement.

परिशेष parisesa, exclusion, remainder, residue.

परिषद parisaha, (j) 32 kinds.

परीक्षक parikşaka, investigator, examiner.

परीक्षा parikṣā, investigation.

परोक्ष paroksa, out of sight, indirect.

पर्यन्त paryanta, limit, uppermost point.

पर्याय parvāva, synonym.

प्रा þaśu, animal, goat, lower creature.

पाक pāka, cooking, ripening, baking.

पत्तञ्ञ pātañjala, same as Yoga system of philosophy founded by Patañjali.

पाताल pātāla, nether world.



पाञ्चभौतिक bāñcabhautika, composed of five elements.

পাস্থাস 'pāñcarātra, a school of philosophy.

पाद pada, section, part, quarter.

THY pamara, low, uneducated, ordinary.

पारतन्त्र्य baratantrya, subordination, dependence.

पारमार्थिक pāramārthika, spiritually absolute, philosophically real,

पारमिता pāramitā (b) highest, climax.

पारिमाण्डल्य pārimāṇḍalya, the smallest size conceivable, atomic size.

পাহা pāśa, rope, bondage, attachment.

पाशुपत pāśupata, a sect of Saivas with Paśupati as their deity.

पाषण्ड pāṣaṇḍa, unbeliever.

पिण्ड pinda, lump, sum-total, embryo.

पिपासा pipāsā, thirst.

पिश्व bisuna, tale-bearer.

पुस्त्व pumstva, virility.

पुण्य punya, merit. - परिणाम - parināma, (b) transfer of merit. - सम्भार - sambhāra, equipment of merit. - आमोदन - āmodana, (b) delight in merit.

पुद्रस pudgala, (b) something like jiva, person, living entity.

पुनहक्ति punarukti, redundance, repetition.

पनर्वचन punarvacana, restatement, repetition.

पुरवस्य purascarana, repetition of mantra according to a defi-

रात्रं च झानवचनं झानं पञ्चाविधं स्मृतम ।

The five kinds of juana are सारिवक, राजस, तामस, नैर्गुण्य and सर्वत:पर.

पाञ्चरात्र सक्षावध झानना झानद परम् । श्राह्मं शैवं च कीमारं शासिष्टं कापिलं परम् ।

गौतमीयं नारदीयमिदं समिवधं स्मृतम् ॥

पुरियष्टक 'puriyastaka, a subtle body apportioned to each individual soul under Saiva Siddhānta.

पुरम purusa, anthropomorphic god, spirit, soul. – সহুখি – pravṛṭṭi, personal effort. – अर्थ – artha, object of life, desirable object.

पुष्टि puşți, prosperity.

পুলা pūjā, worship.

पूरक 'pūraka, (y) inhalation.

an pūrņa, full, complete, whole.

মুলী pūrva, former, prior. - মুল - pakṣa, opponent's objection, prima facie view, criticism, one of the five ingredients of an adhikarana.

पूर्वोङ्ग pūrvānga, prior constituent.

पृथाजन pṛthagjana, ordinary.

प्रथतिव prthaktva, separateness.

पौरुषेय pauruseya, emanating from man, coming from the soul or spirit.

प्रकरण prakarana, subject, topic.

प्रकर्ष prakarsa, exceptional quality, superiority.

प्रकार brakara, mode, adjunct.

ঘ্রহার brakāśa, luminosity.

प्रकृत prakrta, related to the context.

স্কৃতি prakṛti, nature; (s) primordial matter, evolving matter;
(j) one of the 4 bandhas. — অনিযম — aniyama, (n) original inconsistency.

- It continues from creation until the close of the Kalpa; it is composed of thirty tattvas beginning with the earth and ending with Kalpa.
- 2. वामनासिकया वायुना देहपूरणम् । See प्राणायाम
- प्रकृतार्थविरोधितकोपन्यासः ।

प्रक्रिया prakriyā, arrangement, method.

प्रत्या brakhvā, vividness.

मच्छन्नवीद्ध pracchannabauddha, concealed Buddhist.

पञ्जिप्तिवादिन् prajñaptivādin, a sub-school of Buddhism.

স্বা prajñā, wisdom, insight; (v) name given to jiva in the state of sleeping. — বস্ত্ৰণ্ — caksus, eye of intuition. — পার্শনিবা — pāramitā, (b) the Buddhist boon of perfection of knowledge or intuition.

पण्य pranava, mystic syllable Om.

प्रणिधान pranidhana, profound meditation.

मतिकृतिं pratikṛti, image.

मतिज्ञा pratijñā, thesis, proposition, assertion.

प्रतितन्त्रसिद्धान्त pratitantrasiddhanta, conclusion peculiar to each school of philosophy.

प्रतिपक्ष pratipakşa, (n) counter-conception.

মনিপাল্পমনিপান্তক্ষমাৰ pratipadyapratipadakabhava, relation of the treated and the treatise.

সনিসম্বৰ 'pratiprasava, inverse proposition, exception to exception, proviso to proviso.

प्रतिबन्धक pratibandhaka, counter-agent, impediment.

प्रतिबिम्ब pratibimba, reflection. - बाद - vāda, reflection theory.

प्रतिभा pratibhā, intuition, flash of intelligence.

प्रतिभास pratibhāsa, illusion.

प्रतियोगिन् pratiyogin, counter correlative; (a) correlate, positive counterpart of negation. – ता – tā, (n) correlativeness.

प्रतिलोम pratiloma, inverse.

प्रतिवादिन् prativādin, opponent, disputant.

निषिद्धस्य पुनाविधानम् ।

प्रतिसंख्यानिरोध pratisankhyānirodha, (b) deliberate destruction.

प्रतिसञ्चार pratisañcara, reversal of creation, reabsorption.

দনিমন্মান pratisandhāna, restoring connection, uniting, recollection of past experience.

प्रतिसन्त्रि pratisandhi, (b) rebirth, new existence. - विज्ञान - vijnana, (b) rebirth-consciousness, reconnection-consciousness. प्रतिमर्ग pratisarga, secondary creation.

प्रतीनि pratiti, recognition, apprehension.

प्रतीत्यसमुतात् pratityasamutpāda, (b) dependent origination, chain of causation.

प्रतीप pratipa, opposite.

प्रसङ्क pratyak, subjective. — সাম্পন্ — ātman, undivided essence (different from individual and supreme soul and worldly phenomena).

प्रत्यक्ष pratyakşa, (n) sense-perception.

प्रत्यभिज्ञा pratyabhijñā, recognition, reminiscence. – दर्शन – darśana, recognitive system of Indian philosophy.

प्रत्यय pratyaya, contributory cause, co-operative cause, incorporative suffix. – सर्गे – sarga, (s) creation of the intellect.

प्रत्यवाय pratyavāya, impediment, obstruction, demerit.

प्रत्यासत्ति pratyāsatti, proximity, nearness.

प्रत्युढ pratyūḍha, covered over, impeded.

प्रसृह pratyūha, impediment, obstruction, opposition.

प्रत्येक pratyeka, each, single. — ङक्षण — lakṣaṇa, separate characteristic.

पृथ्वी pṛthvī, earth.

ম্বান pradhāna, determinative, important; (s) primary cause, main inert substance, primordial matter.

प्रश्नेसाभाव pradhvamsabhava, (n) annihilative non-existence, nonexistence after destruction. प्रदेश pradesa, (i) one of 4 Bandhas explained as दलसञ्चय.

प्रश्च brapañca, world, amplification.

प्राति brabatti, resignation, God-surrender.

ম্বন prapanna, one who has surrendered humbly to God.

ঘৰাষ prabadha, discording.

प्रवस्य prabandha, continuity, composition.

प्रभा prabhā, effulgence.

प्रभाकरी prabhāhari, (b) illumination, a stage of progress.

प्रमाय brabhāva, might, power.

प्रम brabhu, lord.

प्रमाद bramāda, mistake, unattentiveness.

प्रमा pramā, valid idea, correct cognition.

प्रमाल pramatva, validity.

प्रमाण 'pramāṇa, proof, evidence, authority, means of cognition,
(m) evidence of being anga or auxiliary. - चक - cakra,
regulative wheel.

प्रमिति pramiti, (n) right cognition.

प्रमेय prameya, object of cognition. - ल - tva, cognisability. - विरुद्ध - viruddha, (n) against the very hypothesis.

प्रयत्न brayatna, effort, volition.

प्रयोग bravoga, use, formulation of syllogism.

1. The Carwakas admitted Pratyakas (direct perception) only as a ource of knowledge: the Buddhists and Vaiseşikas added one more, viz., Anumana (inference): the Samkhyas a third, viz., Sabda (revelation); the Naiyayikas a fourth, viz., Upama (analogy), the Prabhakara Mīmāmsakas a fith, ArthBapatth the Bhafkas a sixth Anupalabdhi (non-apprehension).

प्रत्यक्षमनुमानं च वेदाबोपमया सह । अर्थापत्तिरमावश्च माहानां षट्श्रमाण्यसौ ॥ प्रभाकरमते पञ्चेतान्यभावस्य वर्जनात् । प्रयोजक prayojaka, indirect cause, director.

प्रयोजन prayojana, aim, pm pose.

प्रयोज्य prayojya, dependent, servant, missile.

ঘক্তম pralaya, dissolution of the world, absorption, deluge, involution.

प्रवर्तन pravartana, incitement.

পন্থবি pravṛṭṭi, activity, volitional resolution. - বিল্লান - vijñāna,

(b) intelligence as particular or evolving.

प्रसङ्ग prasanga, discussion, occurrence.

प्रमञ्चप्रतिषेष prasajyapratisedha, (m) negation whereto an affirmative is expected.

प्रसञ्जन prasanjana, connecting, occurrence.

प्रसाद prasāda, (y) satisfaction.

प्रसारण prasarana, stretching forward.

प्रसतिकोश brasūtikośa, sheath of generation.

সম্খান্ত্র prasthānatraya, Upaniṣads, Brahmasūtras, and Bhagavadgītā, three branches or modes of teaching.

प्रहाण prahāṇa, (b) elimination, removing.

মানূল prākṛta, original, popular. — মতনত — maṇḍala, circle of nature. — সভ্য — pralaya, total dissolution.

प्रामान prāgabhāva, (n) antecedent non-existence.

प्राण 'कृत्वेगब, air inhaled, life, vitality. — मय — maya, astral body. — मयकीश — mayakośa, sheath of energy. — बायू — च्वेग्र्य, vital breath. — आयाम — व्येग्र्येक्त (y) the act of controlling breath, one of 8 augas of the yoga.

प्रातिपदिक prātipadika, stem, bare word.

- इन्मारुतः । इदि प्राणो ग्रदेऽपानस्ससानो नाभिसंस्थितः ।
- पूरकः वृन्भको रेच्यः प्राणायामसिळक्षणः । नासिका हृष्ट उच्छवासो पृच्यमानस्तु रेचकः ॥

गतिभासिक prātibhāsika, illusory, imaginary, not real.

ানি prāpta, obtained, reached. — বাঘ - bādha, (m) nullification of an earlier experience by a later one, impediment to an anga (auxiliary).

নামাক্ত prabhākara, followers of Prabhākara's school of Mimāmsā.

प्रामाण्य prāmānya, truth, validity.

पार्ट्यकर्मन् prarabdhakarman, accumulated karma which has begun to operate.

प्रीति priti, (b) zest.

प्रेक्षण preksana, prospective thought.

पेक्षा prekṣā, wisdom, intellect.

प्रत्यभाव pretyabhava, the condition of soul after death.

प्रेयस preyas, beloved.

प्रेषण preșana, injunction, commission.

प्रेष praisa, calling, addressing.

भौदिवाद praudhivāda, pompous or audacious utterance.

Ŧ

দক্ত phala, fruit, result, - তথ্যাৰক upadhāyaka, immediate cause for any fruit.

व

बद्ध baddha, bound.

বন্ধ bandha, fetter, bondage, as opposed to mokṣa.

बल bala, strength. - बत् - vat, valid, powerful.

ৰকাৰত balābala, superior and inferior.

बहिरङ्ग bahiranga, outward, external, open.

बहिरण्डज bahiraṇḍaja, born outside the mundane egg.

बहिर्थ bahirartha, external object.

बहुत्व bahutva, multiplicity.

बहुल bahula, many, generally.

बहुश्रत bahusruta, well-versed.

बहुश्रुतीय bahuśrutīya, a sub-school of Buddhism.

ৰাষ *bādha*, contradiction, impediment, lack of harmony, flaw, fallacy, anything that operates adversely.

बाधकज्ञान bādhakajñāna, error-dispelling (right) knowledge.

बाचित bādhita, stultified reason.

बाध्यबाधको bādhyabādhakau, the annulled and the annuller.

बाह्य bāhya, outward, external. - अर्थसङ्खानवाद - arthasadbhāvavāda, doctrine of the reality of the external world.

विम्ब bimba, image.

बुद्ध buddha, enlightened person, understood, apprehended.

ৰুদ্ধি buddhi, knowledge, cognition, intellect; (s) cosmic intelligence; (v) the self that decides. - ইন্দ্ৰিৰ -indriya, (n) organ of sensation.

बध्न budhna, bottom.

बीघ bodha, knowledge, understanding, apprehension.

बोधि bodhi, (b) enlightenment. - चित्र - citta, (b) thought of enlightenment. - पञ्च - pakṣa, (b) (37) wings of enlightenment.

बौद्ध bauddha, Buddhist.

त्रसम् brahman, one of the trinity, creator. - वर्षे - carya, studentship, celibacy. - वारिस् - cārin, religious student, celibate. - वारिस् - 'गृंतेंकाता, one who knows the self. - वारिस् - vādin, theist, philosopher. - विहार - vihāra, (b)

कुश्लाकुश्लावृत्तिरहितस्समदर्शकः ।
 लिङ्गाश्रमपरित्यागी बस्नज्ञानी निगयते ॥

- (4) Brahman-dwellings. সাত্ত anda, cosmic egg. সান্দর্ – ānanda, supreme bliss obtainable at the stage of realisation of the Absolute Brahman.
- সায়াতা brāhmaṇa, well-versed in Vedas, learned, a portion of the Veda.

भ

- भक्ति bhakti, love, faith, devotion.
- মা ¹bhaga, (p) combination of six great qualities. ৰণ্ vat, possessor of bhaga, supreme Lord.
- भङ्ग bhanga, destruction.
- मङ्गी bhangi, manner, method.
- भड़ bhadra, good luck, auspicious.
- ম্ব bhava, becoming. अङ्कर aṅkura, sprout of worldly life.

 অর aṅga, (b) process of becoming. অর্থি aṅgacitta, (b) subconsciousness.
 - भविष्यत् bhavişyat, (b) a form of cause.
 - भव्य bhavya, happiness.
 - भाक्त bhākta, figurative, indirect, secondary.
 - भाइ bhāṭṭa, followers of Bhaṭṭamata (Kumārila's school of Mimāmsā).
 - মাৰ bhāva, existence, positive entity, idea, character, general condition or state. হার্ন্ত kārya, positive product. হাদ grāma, collection of things, all things. ব্যার্ক padūrtha, existent entity. স্থান্থাবার anyathavada, (b) theory that an entity does not exist at all times.
 - भावना bhāvanā, mental activity, impression, understanding, habit, tendency, reminiscence; (m) injunctive power or function.
 - ऐश्वर्यस्य समप्रस्य वीर्थस्य यशसाईश्रयः । ज्ञानवैराग्ययोश्चेत्र षण्णां भग इतीरणा ॥

भाष्य bhāṣya, commentary.

भास्त्र bhāsvara, brilliant.

मिक्ष bhiksu, mendicant,

भिन्न bhinna, different.

भुवन bhuvana, cosmic space, world (14 worlds).

भूत bhūta, elemental being, substance, past.

मतादि bhūtādi, (s) name of ahankāra, individualism.

भूति bhūti, becoming.

भूमि bhūmi, (b) region, earth, stage.

मेद bheda, distinction, difference, (b) plurality, severality. - अमेद - abheda, (m) one many, identity-in-difference.

भोक्त bhoktr, enjoyer, experiencer.

भोग bhoga, experience, enjoyment.

भोग्य bhogya, object of enjoyment.

भौतिक bhautika, pertaining to material elements.

भौम bhauma, pertaining to the earth.

স্সম bhrama, illusion. – রাল – jñana, knowledge of an object mistaken for some other object.

भ्रान्ति bhrānti, delusion.

त्रुणह्न् bhrüṇahan, killer of fœtus.

म्

मत mata, system, religion, faith.

मति mati, mind, thought.

मधुविद्या madhuvidyā, a mystical doctrine of Upanishads, so called; lit. honey science, science of sweetness—knowledge relating to the sun.

मध्यम madhyama, middle.

मध्यस madhyastha, unaffected by bias, neutral.

मनन manana, reflection, repeated thinking, consideration.

मनस् manas, mind, understanding, central organ of sense. — दण्ड — danḍa, control of thoughts. — मत्र — maya, consisting of of mind, mind-made. — विकान — vijñāna, mental understanding, intellect.

मनुष्य manuşya, man. - ल - tva, humanity.

मन्त्र mantra, hymn, incantation, spiritual formula. - शास्त्र - sāstra, linguistic occultism, science of spiritual formula.

ममकार mamakāra, sense of property.

ममता mamata, sense of I-ness.

मयूरासन mayurasana, a posture of the body in the practice of yoga, one of the principal asanas.

मल mala, taint, sin, impurity

महत् mahat, (a) cosmic intelligence. – काल – kāla, extensive or undivided time', a name for Lord Siva. – মধান – prasthana, great departure, journey to self-destruction. – মূল – bhūta, gross (great) elements. – যাল – yāna, a school of Buddhism. – बाक्य – vākya, main or important passage of śruti. – सावक – sādāhaha, name of the Buddhist vṛjin monks (vajjiputtakas). – सामान्य – sāmānya, grand generality, summum genus.

महिमन् mahiman, magnification, expansiveness.

माधुर्य mādhurya, sweetness.

माध्यमिक mādhyamika, a school of philosophy maintaining the doctrine of Śūnyatā.

मॉन māna, proof, measurement.

मान्स mānasa, mental. - प्रवास - pratyakṣa, mental perception.

माया *māyā*, illusion, divine energy, phantom. – बाद – vāda, illusionism.

विष्णुस्रूषाखुण्डदण्डायमानसमयः । कलनात्सर्वभृतानां महाकालः प्रकीतितः ॥

मारणान्तिक māranāntika, (j) consciousness at death.

मार्गे marga, path, process.

मादेव mārdava, softness, sinuosity.

मित mita, measured, limited.

मिश्या mithyā unreal. — जान — jñāna, false cognition, misconception, illusion.

मिश्रवर्ग misravarga, mixed group.

मिश्रसृष्टि miśrasrsti, mixed creation.

मीमांसा 'mimāmsā, investigation, discussion. उत्तर – uttara, – Vedānta philosophy of Bādarāyaņa Vyāsa. पूर्व – pūrva, – the system of Jaimini's philosophy.

ATT mukta, freed, liberated (person).

मक्ति mukti, final emancipation, liberation, salvation,

मुख mukha, face, method, entrance.

मुख्य mukhya, primary, important.

मुदिता muditā, (b) joyous stage in rising from mere self.

मुनि muni, sage.

HHH mumukşu, one who is in search of mokşa.

মৃক্তি murcha, fainting.

मूर्त murta, corporeal (moveable) substance. - ख - tva, bodily

मूर्ति murti, (p) image (24). - त्रय - traya, trinitatian character of God.

মূক mūla, primary, original. - সক্তরি - prakṛti, (s) primal nature.
- কল - bandha, a position of the body in the practice of yoga.

मीमांसको द्विचा कर्मत्रहामीमांसकः स्मृतः ।
 बेदान्ती मन्यते त्रहा कर्म मङ्गमाकरौ ॥

मृद mūdha, delusive.

मृत्य mrtvu, death.

मेघा medhā, intelligence.

मेय meva, measurable.

मैली maitri, friendship, love,

मोक्ष moksa, emancipation, liberation, salvation.

मोह moha, confusion, delusion.

मीन mauna, silence.

मलेच्छ mleccha, one who does not dwell within.

य

यज्ञ yajus, a class of mantras.

যার্থছার vaiñabankaia, sacrificial lotus.

यति vati, ascetic.

यत vatna, volitional effort.

यथाभूत yathābhūta, real.

यथार्थ yathārtha, real.

यन्त yantra, mystic diagram. - शास्त्र - śāstra, theory of magical figures, designs which are the seat of invoked deities.

यम yama, penance.

याला vātrā, religious journey.

युक्तयोगिन् yutkayogin, one who is always in trance.

युक्ति yukti, reason, device, means; (n) affirmative—negative, inseparable connection.

युगपत yugapat, simultaneously.

युञ्जानयोगिन् yuñjānayogin, one who is occasionally engaged in yoga.

यूप yūpa, sacrificial post.

খীন yoga, union, concentration of mind, trance, to strive to obtain what is not previously obtained. – আৰু – śāstra, yoga philosophy propounded by Patañjali, theistic Sānkhya.

योगाचार yogācāra, a school of Buddhism.

योग्यता yogyatā, pre-established harmony, congruity, competence, efficiency.

योग्यानुष्ठिष yogyānupalabdhi, effected non-cognition, non-cognition of what is necessarily cognisable, while being present.

यौक्तिक yauktika, arrived at by reasoning.

योगपद्य yaugapadya, simultaneous existence, simultaneity, existence together.

मैंगिक yaugika, formed of parts, sense derived from different parts of a word.

₹

रक्त rakta, red.

रजस rajas, passion, energy.

रज़ rajju, rope.

रस rasa, taste, gestation.

रसना rasanā, sense of taste, gestatory sense.

रहस्यतय rahasyatraya, the three secrets of Vaisnava philosophy.

राग raga, desire, attachment to sensual object.

বাল rātra, (p) knowledge, night.

रीति riti, method.

रुचि ruci, liking, taste.

रूप $r\bar{u}pa$, form, body, colour, manifestation, nature. – राग – $r\bar{a}ga$,

(b) desire for rebirth in the world of matter. - one - loka,

(b) world of matter. - स्कल - skandha, (b) one of the five groups of elements.

रेचक 'recaka, emission of air, exhalation of breath.

रोध rodha, obstruction.

ಹ

लकुरुश्चि lakuliśa, a sect of Pāśupatas founded by ascetic Lakuli.

स्थ्या laksaṇa, definition, quality, characteristic aspect.

रुश्चणा 2lak a $nar{a}$, derivative or indicative power of words, secondary sense.

ন্তস্থাত্বিয়াবার lakṣaṇānyathāvāda, (b) theory that an entity has three times always.

सङ्ग lakşya, example.

रुक्ष्यार्थे lakşyārtha, secondary sense.

लिक्कियोग lambikayoga, a way of practising yoga consisting in the drawing up of apāna, restraint of prāna and fixing the tip of the tongue on the uvula.

स्य 'laya, dissolution, lapse, absorption, evolution.

स्व lava, one-sixth of a second.

राष्ट्रव laghava, lightness, insignificance.

ন্তিক্ষ 'linga, mark, indication, symbol, (n) inferential, indicative, middle term, probans, subtle body, (s) Prakṛti. – বিস্তু – deha

- ध्यातृनासिकया प्राणायामाञ्जमुच्यमानवायुः । See प्राणायाम.
- २ श्रक्षणा शक्यसंबन्धः ॥ जहस्यायोजहस्यायोजिक्टाञ्चलिखदिकः । जहस्यायोजहस्यायोजिक्टक्षकं स्यादनेकथा ॥ मुख्यपंवायोजहरुको वयाऽन्योऽकः प्रतिवारे । रुद्धेः प्रयोजनाद्वाऽती रुद्धणाशक्तिरपिता ॥
- अखण्डवस्त्वनवलम्बनेन चित्तवृत्तेनिंद्रा ।
- 4 (a) हेतुमदनिल्यमन्थापि सिक्रव्यमनेकमाश्रितं लिङ्गम् । सावयवं परतन्त्रं व्यक्तं विप-रीतमव्यक्तम् ॥ Sānkhyakārıkā.
 - उपक्रमोपसंहारावभ्यासोऽपूर्वता फलम् ।
 अर्थवादोपपत्ती च लिक्षं तात्पर्यनिर्णये ॥

subtle body. - परामर्थ - paramarśa (n) subsumptive reflection of the probans. - अरीर - \$arira, body which is very subtle consisting of 17 tattvas.

लिङ्गिन् lingin, subject of the proposition.

लीला धिव, sport.

ঠীক loka, world, sphere. – সম্প্র – pratyakşa, ordinary perception. – सिद – siddha, well-recognised.

होकायतिक lokāyatika, Agnosticism, materialist philosophy taught by Cārvāka.

होकोत्तर lokottara, supermundane, extraordinary. — बादिन् — vādin, a sub-school of Buddhism.

लोभ lobha, avarice, craving in the largest sense.

व

वज्रयान vajravāna, (b) adamantine path or vehicle.

बज़ोही vajroli, one of the yoga mudras or symbols.

বঘু vadhū, woman.

बन्ध्या vandhyā, barren woman.

वरण varana, (y) delusion.

वर्ण varṇa, colour, alphabet, caste. - आत्रमधर्म - āsramadharma, social observances.

वर्ष varşa, zone, year, rain.

वस्त vastu, entity, thing, object.

विह्न vahni, fire.

ৰাৰ্থ vākya, sentence. — ইৰ – śeṣa, supplementary sentence.
— কুৰাৰ্থ – ekavākya, formation of a total sentence out of smaller sentences. – অৰ্থৰাৰ – arthabodha, sententious cognition, verbal judgment.

ৰাৰ্ (ক্) vāc (vāk), speech, expression. – জাব্দন্দা – ārambhaṇa mere expression and no more. – জ্ঞ – chala, (n) a quibble. वाचक väcaka, word expressive of the meaning.

बाच्यार्थ vācyārtha, primary sense.

वात vāta, wind.

बाद 'vāda, debate, argument, theory.

वादिन vādin, disputant.

वानप्रस्थ vänaþrastha, hermit.

वार्ती vārtā, science of professions.

वार्तिक vārtika, supplementary glossary.

वाय väyu, air.

वासना vāsanā, latent force, sub-conscious impression, germimpression, reminiscence, tendency, (b) disposition.

वासित vāsita, pervaded, perfumed.

वासिन् vāsin, dwelling, dweller.

वाहन vāhana, vehicle.

विकल्प vikalpa, doubt, imagination, alternative, option, (n) distinct impression, fictitious fabrication.

विकार vikāra, change, transformation, evolved matter, effect.

- विरह - viraha, changelessness.

विकास vikāsa, expansion.

विकृति vikṛti, change, modification, (m) a kind of sacrifice.

বিশ্বীয় viksepa, projection, distraction, reflection in gross and subtle bodies. – ফান্ন – śakti, power of giving rise to a variety of objects.

निमह vigraha, dispute, analysis of compound words.

विचय vicava, inquiry, analysis.

विचार vicāra, inquiry, applied thought, discussion, thought in consideration.

 प्रमाणतर्कसाधनोपालम्मः सिद्धान्ताविरुद्धः पञ्चावयवोपपत्रः पक्षप्रतिपक्षपरिप्रहो बादः। Gautamasatra. विजया vijayā, (b) a stage of progress in Buddhist philosophy.

বিল্লাল vijnāna, knowledge, thought, consciousness, mental act or process, individualistic cognition, inherent comprehension of mental phenomena, mind in special connection with sense-cognition. – ঘল – ghana, all-conscious. – মুম্বর্কার – mayakośa, sheath made of intelligence. – মার – ˈvāda, a system of Buddhist philosophy, thought-system. – स्काव – skandha, (b) consciousness-group. – स्विति – sthiti, (b) resting place for consciousness.

वितण्डा 'vitaṇḍā, (n) wrangling, fallacious controversy, a kind of vāda.

वितथ vitatha, false, unieal.

विदेहमुक्ति videhamukti, (v) salvation attained at the time of bodily death as opposed to jivanmukti.

वितर्क vitarka, deliberation, perverse argument or consideration.

वितान vitāna, magical awning.

विद्या vidyā, higher knowledge, science.

विद्युत् vidyut, lightning.

विद्वतुभव vidvadanubhava, mystic intuition, experience of the learned.

विधान vidhāna, prescription.

বিঘি vidhi, (m) mandate, injunction, mandatory text; (m) vedic injunction, niyoga.

विधेय vidheya, predicate.

विनय vinaya, disciplinary regulation.

विनाश vināśa, destruction.

विनाशिन् vināsin, destructible.

- 1. See क्षणिकविज्ञानवाद It teaches that nothing exists except thought
- 2 स्वपक्षस्थापनाहीनः परपक्षव्युदासः ।

বিষয় 'vipakşa, (n) not having the same characteristic as the minor term (subject), heteralogue, counter-example. - আহ্ব - vyāvṛtta, (n) absence of the indicative where the probandum is known to be absent.

विपाक viþāka, fruition, effect.

विपरीतख्याति viparitakhyāti, contrary experience.

विपर्येय viparyaya, opposite, perverse, converse.

विपर्यास viparyāsa, misconception, error.

विप्रतिपत्ति vipratipatti, doubt, diversity of opinion, misapprehension.

বিমৰ vibhava, (p) manifestation, evolution. – বৃণ্ণা – দৃংগ্ৰন, desire for well-being.

विभाग vibhāga, division, disjunction.

विमु vibhu, all-pervasive, omnipresent. - ख - tva, omnipresence.

विभृति vibhūti, (p) manifestation.

विमत्यधिकरण vimatyadhikarana, a theme under dispute.

विमर्दे vimarda, suppression.

विमला vimalā, pure, a stage in Buddhist philosophy.

विमुक्ति vimukti, release. - सुख - sukha, (b) bliss of release.

वियोग viyoga, disjunction, discorrelation, separation.

विरति virati, cessation, abstinence.

विरल virala, broken by intervals.

बिराग virāga, non-attachment.

विराद virāt, cosmos.

विरुद्ध viruddha, opposite, reverse, contradictory, (n) adverse pro-

सपक्षः साध्यवान्, विपक्षः साध्याभाववान्।

विरूप virūþa, dissimilar.

विरोध virodha, contradiction.

विवरण vivarana, explanation.

विवाद vivāda, dispute. - पद - pada, matter under dispute.

विविदिषा vividisā, desire to know.

विवर्त vivarta modification, conversion. - बाद - vāda, illusoryappearance theory.

विवेक viveka, discrimination. – स्थाति – khyāti, (b) discriminate discernment.

विशय viśaya, doubt, one of the five components of adhikarana.

বিশ্ব viśva, universe, (v) name given to jiva in the state of waking.

বিহিছে visista, distinct, qualified. – স্বানি – pratiti, determinate cognition. – স্বানি – advaita, qualified monism of Rāmānuja, Advaita but with a distinction.

বিহাঁদ viśeṣa, (n) particularity, ultimate individuality, one of the categories in nyāya, difference. – যুদ – guṇa; specific quality.

विशेषण viśeṣaṇa, attribute, adjective, qualifying adjunct.

विशेषद्वित višesādvaita, Advaita of a special kind or variety (višeṣa), Śrīpati's theory of Vedānta.¹

विशेष्य viśesya, substantive.

विषम vişama, dissimilar, opposite.

विषय vișaja, subject or topic, proper recipient, object.

विषयिता viṣayitā, subjectness.

विषयिन vişayin, that to which the object refers, subject.

विष्टर vistara, seat.

विष्वच् vișvac, all-pervading, going or being everywhere.

1. Śrīpati calls it भेदाभेदात्मकविशेषादैत.

विहरूमार्ग vihangamarga, (v) one of the two ways of attaining

वीरासन virāsana, one of the principal postures in the practice of yoga.

वीर्थ virya, prowess, might.

वक्ष vrksa, tree.

ৰূলি vrtti, operation, condition, sense, quality, sustenance, expressive force, glossary. – মান – jñāna, knowledge arising from an operation of inner organ.

बुद्धि vṛddhi, growth.

वेग vega, velocity, speed.

वेद veda, self-authoritative and most sacred texts of the Hindus.

वेदना vedana, feeling, suffering, act of knowing, torment.

वेदान्त vedānta, the system of philosophy propounded by Bādarāvana Vyāsa, end of the Vedas.

वेदि vedi, sacred altar.

वैकुण्ठ vaikuntha, (p) highest heaven.

वैकृत vaikṛta, secondary, transformed.

वैतण्डिक vaitandika, wrangler.

वैधर्म्य vaidharmya, dissimilarity, heterogeneity.

वैनाशिक vaināśika, destructionist.

वैयधिकरण्य vaiyadhikaranya, being in different case-relations.

वैयर्थ्य vaiyarthya, uselessness.

वैयाकरण vaiyākarana, grammarian.

वैराग्य vairāgya, indifference towards sense objects.

वैशेषिक vaišeṣika, the system of philosophy propounded by Kanāda.

वैपाव vaiṣṇava, pertaining to Viṣṇu, same as Pāñcarātra.

व्यक्त vyakta, manifested world.

व्यक्ति vyakti, manifestation, individual.

व्यञ्जन vyanjaka, manifesting, phenomenalising.

व्यञ्जना 'vyañjanā, phenomenal form, suggestive power of words,
(b) form of cause.

व्यतिरेक vyatireka, (n) negative premise. – रष्टान्ते – dṛsṭānta, (n) negative example. – व्याप्ति – vyapti, (n) negative concomitance, negative generalization. – महत्त्वार – sahacāra, concomitance of negation.

व्यधिकरण vyadhikarana, relating to a different subject.

व्यभिचार vyabhicāra, want of correspondence, wrong deviation. deviation, (n) too wide, pervasive, tantology.

व्यभिचारित्व vyabhicaritva, variability, changeability.

व्यर्थ vyartha, useless.

व्यवच्छेद vyavaccheda, (n) differentiation.

व्यवधान vyavadhana, intervention, separation.

व्यवधि vyavadhi, intervening space.

व्यवसाय vyavasāya, determination.

व्यवस्थापन vyavasthāpana, determinant, deciding.

त्रवस्थाप्य vyavasthāþva, determinable.

ह्यबहार *vyavahāra*, designation, investigation, transaction, convention, parlance.

व्यष्टि vyașți, microcosm. - सृष्टि - sṛṣṭi, individual creation.

व्यसन vyasana, longing.

ट्याकरण vyākarana. (b) formal prophecy, grammar.

न्यक्त vyākṛta, manifest, explained.

ज्याख्यान vyākhyāna, comment, interpretation.

 विरतास्त्रिभवाद्यासु ययाऽर्थों बोध्यतेऽपरः । सा ब्रिलर्थञ्जना नाम शब्दस्यार्थोदिकस्य च ॥ व्याचात vvāghāta, (n) contradiction, destruction.

व्यान vvāna, one of the five vital vāyus (air).

ठ्यापक *vyāpaha*, all-pervading, pervading. - ल - tva, being allpervading.

च्यात vyāpta, pervaded, comprehended.

व्याति ²vyāpti, (n) invariable concomitance, pervasion. - ज्ञान jñāna, (n) knowledge of relation.

व्याप्यत्वासिद्ध vyāpyatvāsiddha, unestablished in respect of its concomitance.

व्याप्यवृत्ति vyāþyavṛtti, pervasive.

च्यापार *vyāpāra*, functional activity, operation, activity, functioning, intermediate cause.

व्यावर्तक vyāvartaka, differentiating feature.

न्यावहारिक *vyāvahārika*, relative, colloquial, conventional, real for the purpose of human parlance.

ज्यात्रृति *vyāvṛtti*, absolute exclusion, non-existence of the sign, exclusion.

त्यासज्यवृत्ति vyāsajyavṛtti, partially contained.

च्यासंज्ञा vvāsañjñā, partially out of relation.

ब्युत्पत्ति vyutpatti, learning.

ह्युह vyūha, (p) group, arrays of two (three) in incarnation.

व्यहान्तर vyūhāntara, (p) sub-vyūhas.

- विष्वग्गमनवान् अखिल्वारीरवर्ती वायुः ।
- साथवदन्यावृत्तित्वम् ।
 व्यापितस्याथवदन्यस्मिन्नसम्बन्ध उदाहृत: ।
 अथवा हेतुर्मात्रष्ठविरहायतियोगिना ।
 साथेन हेतारैकाधिकरणं व्याप्तिरुव्यते ।
 वैध्ये त अवैद्याप्तेरन्ववव्यतिरेकत: ॥

त्रत vrata, religious act of devotion, vow.

त्रीहि vrihi, grain.

হা

হাক śakta, having significatory power, capable.

হাৰ্য śakya, sense derived from the primary function of a word, possible.

হান্দি śahti, significatory power, faculty, power, potency, female energy. – সহ – graha, learning of the significatory power. – নিষম – niyama, (s) restriction of potencies (causes). – বাহ – vāda, the Naiyāyika theory of power of expression of words.

সাত্রা śahkā, doubt.

হাৰত śabala, variegated, coloured.

হাতী śabda, word, sound, revelation, verbal proof. - জর্ম artha, the word and its object. - লম্মাল - tanmātra, subtle sound. - সমাল - pramāna, verbal source of knowledge. -সমান্ - brahman, word, sound, Brahman. - মুবি - vṛtti, significative power.

शरणागति saranagati, self-surrender, seeking succour.

হাংবিং śarīra, body. – স্বথ – traya, three-fold physical body. হাহিনে śaśin, moon.

शाक्य śākya, people of Śaka clan, Buddhist.

शास्त्रा śākhā, branch, school,

য়াই śāta, (j) complete removing of action.

ফাল্ব śānta, quiescent, tranquil. – ভবিব – udita, (p) occasionally manifest.

शारीरकमीमांसा 'sārirakamimāmsā, enquiry on the spiritual subject: soul, etc.

So named after śārīra, which is the human individual soul.

शान्द śābda, verbal. - ज्ञान - jñāna, verbal cognition. - बोध - bodha, verbal cognition.

शाब्दी भावना sabdibhavana, (m) verbal injunction.

হান্ধি śāstra, science, scripture. – आमास – ābhāsa, fallacious system.

शास्त्र śāstṛ, ruler, spiritual teacher.

হাজা sikṣā, teaching, one of the six angas of the veda.

शिल्प silpa, art.

হিছে śiṣṭa, true observer of the vedic rituals. - आचार - ācāra, doings of the above.

शिष्य śişya, pupil.

शीत sita, cold.

হান্দি śukti, nacie, pearl-shell, conch-shell.

যুক্ক śukla, white.

गुचि śuci, clean, pure.

गुद्ध śuddha, pure. - तस्त्र - tattva, (p) pure matter. - वर्ग - varga, pure group. - अद्वेत - advaita, pure monism.

যুদ śubha, auspicious.

সূন্য śūnya, void. – বাহ − vāda, the theory of relativity of Buddhists.

रोष seșa, remainder, (m) anga-

रोषिन् śeșin, whole ; (m) angin.

शैव saiva, worshipper of God Śiva.

जोक śoka, sorrow.

झ्याम śvāma, black.

প্রম্লা śraddhā, interest, faith. - আল - śāstra, religion of faith.

श्रमण śramana, Buddhist monk.

श्रमभूमि śramabhūmi, (b) stage of effort.

OF PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

প্রবাগ śravaṇa, auditory organ, ear, hearing, learning by hea

প্তান্ত śrāddha, annual obsequy.

श्री srī, fortune, wealth, beauty.

ধ্বন śruta, learning, heard. – अयोपत्ति – arthāpatti, implication derived from what is heard.

श्रुति śruti, revealed texts, veda.

श्रेयस् śreyas, welfare.

श्रोत srotra, organ of hearing.

श्लोक śloka, verse.

श्वेताम्बर svetāmbara, a sect of Jainas.

ष

पर्शक 'şaṭsthala, six kinds of upāsana of linga according to Śripati.

षडायतन şaḍāyatana, (b) six organs of sensation.

स

संज्ञा samjñā, name, ideation, perception.

संयम samyama, constraint.

संयुक्त samyukta, joined together, related (elements). – अद्वेत advaita. same as Viśistādvaita.

संयोग samyoga, union, contact, (n) conjunction.

संवाद samvāda, union, agreement, resemblance.

संवित्ति samvitti, cognition, knowledge, feeling.

 श्रवणमननविशिष्ट्यानानुगतिनिदेश्यासनात् षट्स्थलपरमशिवसाक्षात्कारे तादारम्यं परमकारणं निर्दिश्यते ।

According to Sripati, Satsthala is the connecting link between the Atman and Brahman. The Atman attains Brahmatta by jiffsina and jiffsina is obtained by dragtavya (closely examining the truth), śrotavya (by hearing the Smṛtis by upadesa), mantava (by meditation), and middhyasitavya (by firm concentration). If jiffsina is obtained in this manner, the result is that Jīva becomes Sambhu. संबृत samvṛta, subjective. – सख – satya, empirical reality, (५)

संवृति samvrti, (b) empirical truth.

संज्ञाय samsava, doubt.

संसर्ग samsarga, contact, coherance. – अध्यास – adhyāsa, (v) identification of self with the inner organ by juxtaposition.

संसार samsāra, material or temporal life, cycle of birth and rebirth, transmigration, bondage of self, phenomenal world.

संस्कार samskāra, (n) embellishment, perfection, momentum, reminiscent impression or subliminal impression; (b) latent disposition, action.

संस्कृत samskrta, refined, combined.

संस्थान samsthana, configuration.

संहत samhata, combined.

HEN samhara, destruction, withdrawal.

संहिता samhitā, cardinal teaching, collective, narrative.

सकम्प्रमृत्ति sakampapravṛtti, tremulous or halting or hesitating effect.

सकल sakala, all.

सकाम sakāma, desirous.

सगुण saguna, determinate, qualified, dualistic.

संक्षेप sankşepa, summary.

सङ्कर sankara, mixing.

सङ्कल्प sainkalpa, purposing, determination, resolve, will to be, imagination.

संकृचित sankucita, shortened.

सक्कत sanketa, indication, convention. - मनस्कार - manashāra, conventional conception.

सङ्कोच sainkoca, contraction, restriction, limitation.

संक्रान्ति *sankrānti*, union, passing over. — बादिन — *vādin*, a school of Buddhists

सङ्घा sankhyā, number, knowledge.

सङ्गति sangati, relevancy, unison.

संग्रह sangraha, compilation, compendium.

सङ्घ sangha, group, society.

सङ्घात sanghāta, combination, whole, aggregate.

सचिदानन्द 'saccidananda, existence-knowledge-bliss.

संजातीय sajātīya, of the same quality.

सञ्चित sancita, accumulated (karma).

सत् sat, being, existence, real, existent. - कार्ये - kārya, effect pre-existent in cause. - बाद - vāda (•) theory of effect existing in the cause. - च्यांति - khyāti, an illusory perception of a thing at a time and place where it really is not, such as the perception of a snake in rope where it is not. - प्रति. पञ्च - pratipakṣa, (n) opposable reason.

सप्ता sattā, existence, being. — समवाय — samavāya, inherent existence.

संस्व sattva, goodness, harmony; (s) one of the three guṇas, a living being. – জাগ – tyāga, (s) abandonment of existence.

संत्य satya, reality. - काम - kāma, lover of truth. - लोक - loka, heaven of truth, abode of Brahmā. - वाद - vāda, truism. - सङ्कल्प - saṅkalþa, unfailing mental resolve.

सद्सद्दाहमक sadasadātmaka, both is and is-not; it is as it self; it is not as itself.

सदाचार sadācāra, see शिष्टाचार.

सद्योमुक्ति sadyomukti, immediate absolution.

निखज्ञानस्रवस्त्रस्यं ब्रह्म ।

सद्वारिका sadvārikā, mediate. - सृष्टि - sṛṣṭi, mediate creation.

सद्धेत saddhetu, (n) valid probans.

सन्ति santati. continuity, progeny.

सन्तान santāna, serial order, continuity, progeny, series.

सन्तानिन santānin, unit in the serial number.

सन्तोष santosa, pleasure.

सन्दिग्ध sandigdha, (v) uncertain, doubtful, doubtful probans.

सन्ध्योपासन sandhyopāsana, prayers morning and evening.

सन्निकर्ष sannikarsa, relation, contact.

सन्निषि sannidhi, proximity.

सन्निपातिन् sannipātin, (m) a kind of auxiliary.

सन्यास sannyāsa, renunciation, asceticism.

सन्न्यासिन् sannyāsin, mendicant.

सपक्ष sapaksa, similar instance, homologue. – मस्य – sattva, (a)
presence of the indicative where the probandum is known
to be present.

समस्य samatva, equality, resemblance, (n) parity.

समनन्तर samanantara, immediately contiguous. – प्रत्य – pratyava. (b) a type of causal relation.

समनियत samanivata, invariable concomitant.

समन्वय samanvaya, mutual connection, sequence.

सम्भित्याहार samabhivvāhāra, verbal context.

समय samaya, time, moment, opportunity.

समवाय 'samavāya, (n) inherence.

इव्यादीनां कपालादी द्रव्येषु गुणकर्मणोः । तेषु जातेश्व संबन्धः समबायः प्रकीर्तितः ॥ समवायिन् samavāyin, constitutive. - कारण - kārana, (n) constitutive or inherent or intimate cause.

समवेत samaveta, intimately united.

समष्टि samașți, totality, microcosm, generality.

समाधान samādhāna, reply.

समाधि samādhi, trance, (y) last stage of Rāja yoga (embracing dhyāna), concentration.

समान ¹samāna, a kind of vāyu (air). — अधिकरण — adhikaraṇa, coexistent. — अभिहार — abhihāra, blending of similar things.

समापत्ति samāpatti, state of balance.

समास samāsa, brief, compound of words.

समारोप samāropa, imposition, doubt, misconception.

समाहार samāhāra, collocation.

समुच्य samuccaya, aggregations; (v) the doctrine of combination of 'work and knowledge' accepted by Rāmānuja etc.

समुत्राद samutpada, origination, causation.

समुदाय samudāya, group, collection.

समूह samūha, multitude, mass, collection. — आलम्बन — ālambana, group-cognition.

सम्पत्ति sampatti, successful realisation, attainment.

सम्प्रज्ञा samprajñā, self-possession.

सम्प्रजात sambraiñāta, (y) a kind of samādhi.

सम्प्रतिपत्ति sampratipatti, comprehension, consensus.

सम्प्रक्त samprayukta, (b) united (cause).

सम्बन्ध sambandha, relation, connection, a form of cause. सम्बोधन sambodhana, addressing.

शरीरमध्यगतोऽशितपीतान्नादिसमीकरणकरः वायुः ॥

सम्भव sambhava, (n) happening, probability, deduction.

सम्मेद sambheda, connection.

सम्मोगकाय sambhogakāya, body of bliss.

सम्यगज्ञान samyagjñāna, true knowledge.

सर्पविद्या sarpavidya, snake-lore.

संख्य sarūba, similar.

सर्गे sarga, generation, creation, beginning.

सर्वे sarva, all, everything. - आरमन् - ātman, omnipresent. - मृत - bhūta, all-supporting. - व्यापक - एग्रवंpaka, all-pervading. - व्यापिन् - एग्रवंpin, all-pervading.

सर्वज्ञ sarvajña, omniscient. - ख - tva, omniscience.

सर्वेलग sarvatraga, omnipresent.

सर्वोस्तिनादिन् sarvāstivādin, a school of Buddhist philosophers also called Vaibhāsikas.

सनिकल्पक savikalpaka, differentiated, conceptual, determinate, mediate. — ज्ञान — jñāna, (m) conceptional perception, determinate perception.

सन्यभिचार savyabhicara, (n) inconclusive or straying (reason).

सहकार sahakāra, acting jointly.

सहमृहेतु sahabhühetu, (b) co-operative cause.

सहेतुकविनाश sahetukavināsa, caused destruction.

सहोक्ति sahokti, (b) togetherness, associated reference, joint

सहोपरम्भ sahopalambha, (b) invariable association, joint perception.

सांसिद्धिक samsiddhika, natural.

साकारवादिन् sāhāravādin, system of thought which holds that consciousness assumes a form in the process of cognition. साङ्क्ये sāhkarya, mixture, promiscuity.

साक्षात्कार sākṣātkāra. direct perception, sight of God.

साङ्च्य sānkhya, one of the six systems of Indian philosophy.

सान्विक sāttvika, a thing characterised by sattva (goodness).

साहस्य sādṛśya, similarity, likeness.

साधन sādhana, instrument, means, equipment, inferrant, accomplishment. – चतुष्टय – catusṭaya, four qualifications for Brahmavidyā.

साधर्म्य sādharmya, similarity.

साधारण्य sādhāranya, equipoise, common, general.

साधुमती sādhumati, (b) good thought, a stage in Buddhist philosophy.

साध्य sādhya, (n) probandum, major term. - বিজ্ঞ - vikala, (n) devoid of the probandum. - মাখনখন্ন - sādhanadharma, objective of the probans and the probandum.

सानन्द sānanda. (y) a kind of samādhi.

सन्ति santa, having an end.

सापेक्षस्य sapeksatva, state of dependence.

सामग्री sāmagrī, apparatus, whole causal apparatus.

सामयिकाभाव sāmayikābhāva, temporary non-existence.

सामध्ये sāmarthya, vitality, capability.

सामानाधिकरण्य sāmānādhikaranya, being in apposition, co-existence.

सामान्य sāmānya, (n) universal, generality, genus. - क्क - chala, (n) general causistry. - विशेष - गांडक्टब, generic differentia. - विशेषसूत्राच - गांडक्टबट्टबायविष्य, aggregate of generic and particular qualities.

सामान्यतोदष्ट sāmānyatodṛṣṭa, (m) one of the two kinds of anumāna.

साम्य sāmya, equipoise, likeness.

₩ sāra, extract, essence.

सारूप sarubva, (b) co-ordination, sameness of form.

सायज्य sāyujya, union with Almighty.

सावयव savayava, with parts or limbs.

साहस sahasa, daring attempt, audacity.

साहित्य sāhitya, association.

सिद्ध siddha, self-evident, established proverb. – ज्ञान – jñāna, perfect knowledge. – साधन – sādhana, (n) futile. – जरा – anta, doctrine, conclusion. – जनसा – avasthā, accomplished state. – जासन – āsana, one of the principal yogāsanas.

सिद्धि 'siddhi, perfection, attainment of final goal, powers of Siva (eight).

सुख sukha, happiness, bliss.

सुगत sugata, Buddha.

सुरमि surabhi, fragrant.

सुवर्ण suvarņa, gold.

মুদ্ধি suşupti, deep intoxication, deep sleep. — নাসন্ — jāgrat, waking state within the state of deep sleep. — মুদ্ধা — su şupti, perfectly sleeping state. — কাম — svapna, dreaming state within the state of deep sleep.

सुद्देतु suhetu, (n) valid probans.

स्थ्म sükşma, subtle, minute. – रूप – rūpa, indivisible small particle, infinitesimal form. – इसीर – śarīra, subtle body.

सूत्र sūtra, aphorism.

सृष्टि sṛṣṭi, creation.

 अणिमा लिंचमा प्राप्तिः प्राकाम्यं महिमा तथा । इंशित्वं च विशत्वं च तथा कामावसायिता ॥ सौगत saugata, Buddhist.

सौतान्तिक sautrāntika, a school of Buddhists also called Sankrāntikas who rely on Sūtrapiṭaka.

सौन्दर्थ saundarya, beauty.

स्कृत्द skanda, (b) thought phase, sensorial phase, element.

स्कारी skandha, group of elements.

स्तम्ब stamba, blade of grass.

साम stambha, motionlessness, pillar.

स्तोभ stobha, meaningless letter.

स्तोत्र stotra, praise.

स्थित्रवाद sthaviravāda, doctrine of phenomenalism of Buddhist elders, also called Theravāda.

स्थायिन् sthāyin, permanent.

स्थितस्थापक sthitasthābaka, elasticity.

स्थिति sthiti, preservation, stability, duration, equilibrium, (j) one of 4 Bandhas.

स्थल sthūla, gross.

सेह sneha, viscidity, (v)one of the twenty-four gunas.

स्पर्शे sparsa, tactile cognition, touch, contact.

स्परीनविज्ञान sparsanavijñāna, (b) tactile cognition.

स्पष्ट spasta, definite, clear.

स्फटिक sphatika, crystal.

स्फ्रेट sphuta, clear.

स्फोट sphota, disclosure, external substratum of significativeness.

सरण smarana, recollection.

सारक smaraka, remembrancer.

स्पृति smṛti, remembrance, memory, code of law.

स्याद्वाद syādvāda, (j) assertion of possibility and non-possibility of things; agnostic doctrine of the Jainas.

स्व sva, property, own.

स्वतन्त्र svatantra, uncontrolled, free, self-sufficient, independent, free to act.

स्वतोत्राह्य svatogrāhya, intrinsically comprehensible.

स्वतोजन्य svatojanya, intrinsically producible.

स्वतोव्यावर्तक svatovyāvartaka, self-discriminating.

स्वतोव्यावृत्त svatovyāvṛtta, self-differentiated.

स्वत:प्रामाण्य svatafþrāmānya, (m) theory of self-evidence.

রম svapna, dream. — রামন্ — jāgrat, waking state within the dreaming state — নুদুদ্দি — susupti, state of deep sleep within a state of dream. — রম — svapna, perfectly dreaming state.

দ্ব্যকাস svabrakāsa, self radiant, self-luminous.

स्वभाव svabhava, character. - भिन्न - bhinna, naturally divided.

स्वर svara, Vedic accent, voice.

चिक्रप svarūþa, own form, essential attribute. — सम्बन्ध — sambandha, self-relation, self-linking. — असिड — asiddha, (n) unestablished in respect of itself.

स्वर्ग svarga, region of heaven.

स्वर्लोक svarloka, heaven.

ষ্ঠা svalakṣaṇa, distinct character. — সান্দা — ātmā, (v) specific individuality.

स्ववचनविरोध svavacanavirodha, self-contradiction.

स्वसन्तान svasantāna, (b) one's self.

स्वसंवित्ति svasamvitti, self-cognition.

स्वंसवेदन svasamvedana, self-cognition.

स्वातन्त्र्य svātantrya, liberty of action.

स्वाध्याय svādhyāya, study of the Vedas.

स्वाभाविक svābhāvika, natural, essential.

स्वामिन svāmin, lord, master.

स्वार्थ svārtha, one's own benefit. — अनुमान — anumāna, (n) inference for one's own benefit.

स्वालक्षण्य svālakṣanya, definite character of a thing.

स्वेतरभेद svetarabheda, difference from the rest.

स्वेद sveda, heat, sweat.

स्वेदज svedaja, produced from sweat.

ह

हेस hamsa, swan, Brahman, prāṇa, a kind of sannyāsin.

हरित harita, green.

हान hana, rejection, escape,

हिंसा himsā, violence.

हीन hina, bereft. - यान - vāna, a school of Buddhism.

हेतु hetu, (v) cause, probans, reason, valid reason, middle term.

- उपनिवन्त्र – upanibandha, causal series. – आसास – 'ābhāsa,

(n) fallacious reason, semblance of reason, defective

probans. हृद्य *hṛdaya*, heart. – मन्य – *granthi*, knot of the heart, igno-

हृद्य hrdaya, heart. - मन्य - granthi, knot of the heart, ignorance rooted like a knot.

हेतुदोषः पञ्चविधः —
अनेकान्तो विरुद्धश्वाप्यसिदः प्रतिपक्षतः ।

काराह्मयापदिष्टव हेत्वाभासस्तु पञ्चवा ॥ अनुमितिकारणीभृताभावप्रतियोगियथार्यज्ञान्विषयत्वम् । यद्विषयत्वेन व्हिज्ञानस्या-

नुमितिप्रतिबन्धकत्वम् । जायमानं सत् यदनुमितिप्रतिबन्धकं तत्त्वं वा हेत्वाभासत्वम् ।

हेति heti, weapon.

हेय heya, rejectable.

होतृ hote, sacrificer, one of the performers of the sacrifice.

होम homa, sacrifice.

इस्व hrasva, short.

हास hrāsa, shortening.

हाद hlāda, bliss, pleasure.

इति श्रीमदात्रेयगोत्रोद्भवेन श्रीसाम्बार्थेग्रुधीतन्,भवेन श्रीमदत्त्रपूर्णोम्बागर्भ-द्युत्तिसुक्ताफलेन श्रीवेंकटेशरश्राच्यविद्याविचयकलस्थानान्तेवासिना श्रीवाद्धकार्यणा गरिस्सता





FOR SALE

		Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
1.	Sri Venkatachala Mahatmyam (Hindi) Vols.				
	I and II	4	0	0	
2.	" (Devanāgari)	1	0	0	
3.	" (Telugu Script)	1	8	0	
4.	Maricisamhita or Vimanarcanakalpa (Sanskrit)	1	8	0	
5.	Sri Venkatesvara Stuti (Sauskrit)	0	8	0	
6.	Sri Venkatesvara Itihasamala (Devanāgari)				
	Ed. by Dewan Bahadur Dr. S. Krishnasvami				
	Aiyangar	1	σ	0	
7.	A History of Tirupati (English) by Dewan				
	Bahadur Dr. S. Krishnasvami Aiyangar 2 Vols.				
8.	T. T. Devasthanams Epigraphical Report		• • • •		
٥.	(English) cpigraphical keport	4	0	0	
9.	T. T. Devasthanams Inscriptions (English)	-	U	U	
٥.		15	0	0	
10.	Tallapakkam Poetical Works (Telugu) 3 Vols.	4	4	0	
11.	Ashtamahishi Kalyanam (Telugu)	1	8	0	
12.	Photographic Album of 25 pictures about		-	-	
-	Sri Venkatesvara's festival	1	4	0	
13.	A Glossary of Philosophical Terms (Samskit-				
	English)	3	0	0	
SRI VENKATESVARA ORIENTAL SERIES					
(IN THE PRESS)					
1.	Sri Venkatesvara-Kavya-Kalapah (Sanskrit)				
2.	History of Tirupati (English) Vol. II				
3.	Atrisamhita				
4.	Psychology in Telugu language				
5.	Suvarnasaptati, a Chinese commentary on				
	Sānkhyakārika		•••		
6.	Journal of Sri Venkatesvara Oriental Insti-				
	tute—Vol. 1. (4 parts)	6	0	0	
	Apply to:-				

Apply to:-

DIRECTOR,

S. V. O. INSTITUTE, TIRUPATI,

(S. INDIA)



